

#### Spotlight on Women's Health Cyberseminar Series

Sponsored by the VA HSR&D Women's Health Research Network

Implementation of a Cardiovascular Toolkit for Women in VA Primary Care

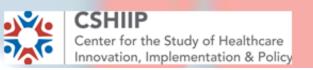
VA EMPOWER QUERI January 27, 2022



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#### **Overview**

- Overview of EMPOWER QUERI
- CV Disease in Women
- CV Toolkit Goals and Processes
- Findings from the CV Toolkit
  - CV Toolkit participant survey
  - Snapshot of women touched by CV template
  - CV Toolkit implementation evaluation
- Next Steps





### **EMPOWER QUERI**

**Enhancing Mental and Physical Health of Women** through Engagement and Retention (QUE 15-272)

Impact Goal: Implement innovative care models in VA women's health, in order to improve women Veterans' engagement and retention in evidence-based care for three high priority health conditions, i.e., prediabetes, cardiovascular risk, and mental health (depression, anxiety)





### **Three Component Projects**

- Facilitating Cardiovascular Risk Screening and Risk Reduction in Women Veterans (CV Toolkit; Bean-Mayberry/Farmer)
- Tailoring VA's Diabetes Prevention Program to Women Veterans' Needs (DPP; Moin/Haskell)
- Implementation of Tailored Collaborative Care for Women Veterans (CCWV; Hamilton/Lang)





# Cardiovascular (CV) Toolkit EMP WER QUERI Center for the Study of Healthcare Innovation, Implementation & Policy

#### Cardiovascular (CV) Disease & Women

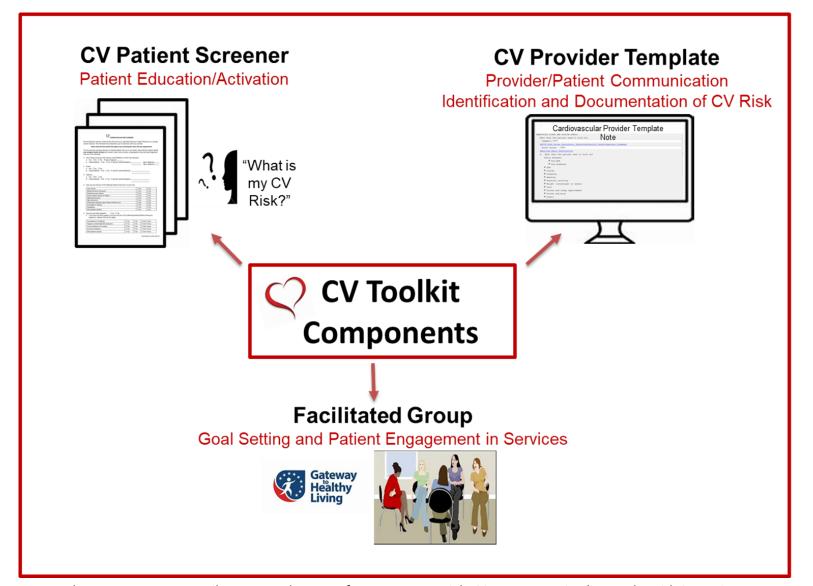
- CV disease is the #1 cause of death for women, causing 1 in 3 deaths each year
- Women have limited understanding of their CV related morbidity and mortality risks
- Women are more likely than men to have certain CV disease risk factors (e.g., higher rates of obesity and inactivity)



#### **CV Toolkit Goals**

- Increase CV risk identification/documentation
- Enhance patient-provider communication about CV risk
- Increase women Veterans' engagement in relevant services and refer to key programs for lifestyle changes





Bean-Mayberry B, Moreau J, Hamilton A, Joseph N, Yosef J, Batuman F, Wight SC, Farmer M. Cardiovascular Risk Screening Among Women Veterans: Identifying provider and patient barriers and facilitators to develop clinical management tools. *Women's Health Issues* (in press).





#### **REP and the CV Toolkit**











#### **PRE-CONDITIONS**

- Identify needs, effective interventions, and implementation barriers
- Fit local settings and stakeholder priorities
- Draft package



#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

- Develop package (manual, training curriculum, etc.)
- Pilot test package
- Identify program champion
- Hold orientation meetings

#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

- Train staff
- Provide technical assistance
- Evaluate
- Measure fidelity and outcomes
- Share results
- Discuss sustainability

#### **MAINTENANCE & EVOLUTION**

- Facilitate long-term adoption
- Focus on dissemination and spread
- Re-customize delivery as needed
- Develop playbooks











#### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT



**COMPLEXITY SCIENCE** 

\*Adapted from Kilbourne et al., 2007

Hamilton et al., 2017. Implementation Science, 12(1), pp.1-12.



### **CV Toolkit Project Aims**

- Refine elements of the CV Toolkit
- Implement the CV Toolkit
  - 5 VA facilities over 4 years
  - 18-month follow up
- Evaluate CV Toolkit
  - Patient participant survey
  - Template data
  - Non-randomized stepped wedge design





#### **CV Toolkit Reach**

- Over 1600 women Veterans were touched by CV Toolkit and had some discussion of CV risk with their care team
- 76 women participated in gender-tailored Gateway to Healthy Living facilitated group to provide CV goal-setting
- 24 women participated in a newly developed and piloted telephone-based Gateway program at 1 site





### **CV Toolkit Women Veteran Survey**







#### **CV Toolkit Women Veteran Survey**

- Survey mailed to women who received at least one component of the CV Toolkit
- 253 women Veterans participated
- Survey contents
  - Demographics and Health Risks
  - Health Behaviors and VA Experiences
  - CV Knowledge





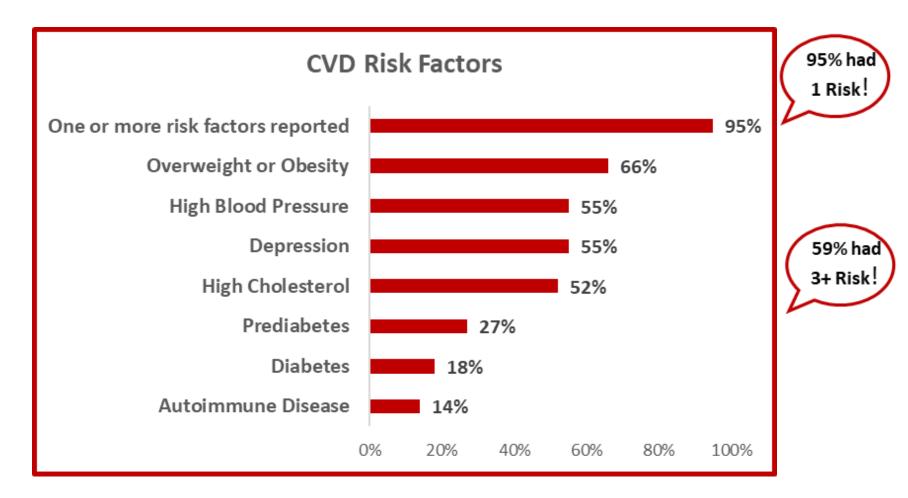
### Women Veteran Survey (N=253)

Patient Characteristics	Percentages
Age (years), mean, SD, R 26-98	59 <u>+</u> 12.1
Race	-
- White	63%
- Black	27%
- Asian	4%
- American Indian/Native American	4%
Ethnicity/Hispanic	13%
LGBT/Other sexual orientation	13%
Some college, associate or bachelor's degree	60%
Service-connected disability	67%
Income <\$30,000	26%





### Women Veteran Survey (N=253)







### Women Veteran Survey: Mental Health & Trauma (N=253)







# Women Veteran Survey: Health Behaviors & VA Experiences (N=253)

Survey Question Survey Question	Percentages
In past 6 months, did you make any behavior goal with your provider, yes	53%
Confident you can make behavior change, 8-10	24%
Average # days exercising Average # minutes exercising	2 days, SD 2.2 32 minutes, SD 41
Trust in VA provider rated high, 9-10	64%
Your provider shows respect for what you say, always/usually	88%





### Women Veteran Survey (N=253)

#### **Heart Disease Knowledge**

Heart disease is the leading cause of death 70%

Identify symptoms of a heart attack

Pain/discomfort in jaw, neck or back 66%

Feeling weak, lightheaded or faint 79%

Chest pain or discomfort 96%

Pain/discomfort in arms or shoulder 92%

Shortness of breath 90%

Identified all 5 heart attack symptoms 66%

Call 911 if you think someone was having a heart attack 93%

70% compared to 55% in national sample\*

66%
compared to
50% in
national
sample\*\*

\*Mosca 2006; \*\*Fang 2019



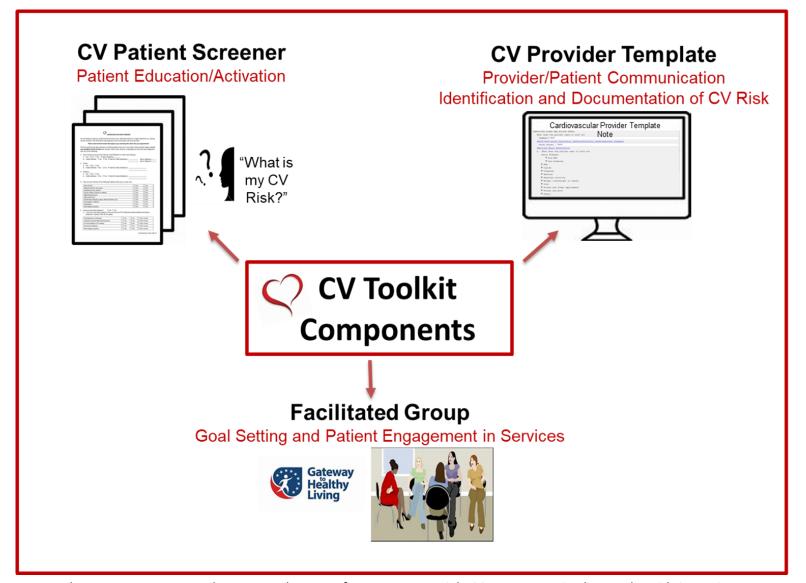


### **CV Template Completion**









Bean-Mayberry B, Moreau J, Hamilton A, Joseph N, Yosef J, Batuman F, Wight SC, Farmer M. Cardiovascular Risk Screening Among Women Veterans: Identifying provider and patient barriers and facilitators to develop clinical management tools. *Women's Health Issues* (in press).





### **CV Toolkit Template Use**

- Cohort of 6009 women Veterans (12/16-3/20)
- 1656 unique patients received a template
  - Range by site 153-897
- Two-part template
  - 1493 part 1 (CV risk screening)
  - 1055 part 2 (CV action step and referral)
  - 892 have both





### **CV Template Completion**

- Used administrative data (CDW) to examine template completion
- Included demographic and clinical factors
  - Age, race/ethnicity, utilization of primary care & mental health, CV risk factors, mental health
- Multiple logistic regression adjusting for clustering within sites
- Examined referrals on completed templates





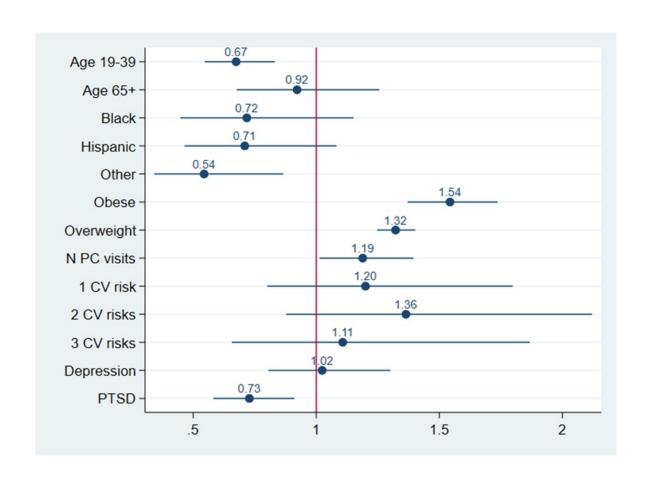
### Cohort of Women Veterans (N=6009<sup>^</sup>)

Template Completed	No	Yes
N	4400 (73.2%)	1609 (28%)
Age, x (years)	45.0	49.3**
White race	35%	46%**
Black race	31%	30%
Hispanic	18%	14%
Married	27%	30%**
Primary care visits, median	1.0	3.0**
Mental health visits, median	0.0	1.0**
Overweight	30%	29%
Obese	35%	44%**
Diabetes	10%	15%**
Hyperlipidemia	27%	37%**
Hypertension	23%	34%**
Depression	41%	44%
PTSD	33%	30%*
At least I of 3 CV risks	37%	51%**

N varies with missing data. \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01.

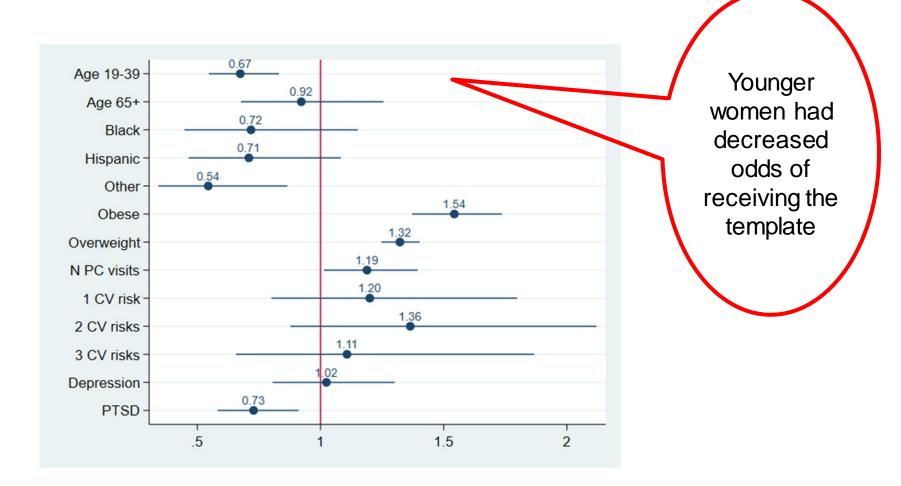






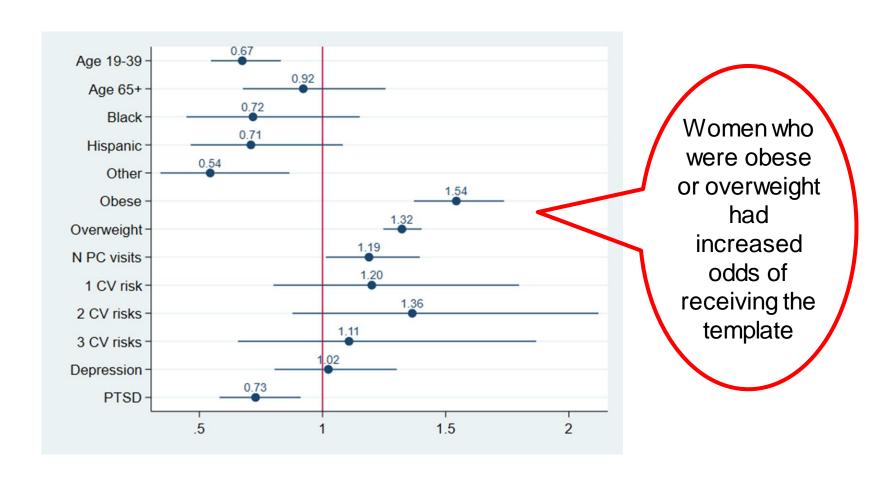






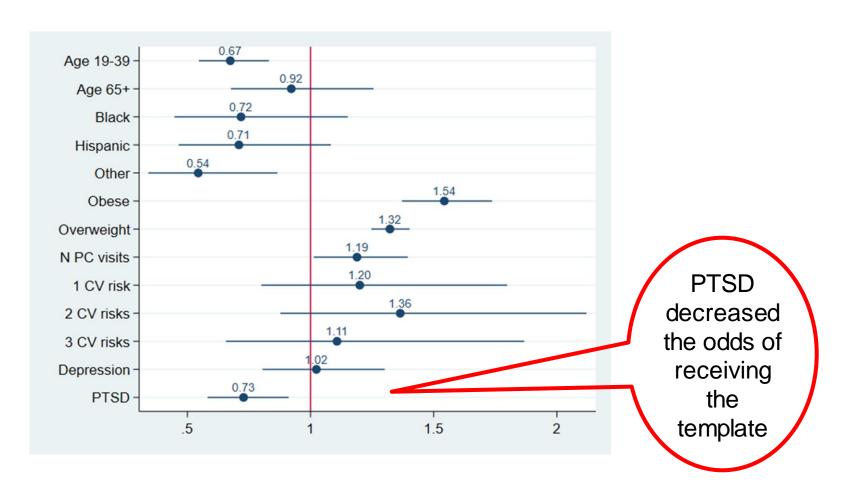
















### Referrals for Women with Template

72% of women with template had a referral



27% CV goal setting group

11% Mental health consult





26% Exercise program 3% Smoking cessation





18% Dietitian

43% Other







# **Evaluation of CV Toolkit Implementation**







### **Implementation Setting**

- 5 geographically diverse VA primary care sites
- Period: Dec 2016-March 2020
- Duration across sites: 11-29 months
  - COVID-19





#### **Population & Data**

- Evaluation includes all women with at least one primary care visit during the study period
  - ➤n=6009 patients
  - ▶96% Veterans
- Data Source: VA CDW



#### **Evaluation**

- Primary Outcomes: Patient participation in VA health promotion programs that target reducing CV risk
  - MOVE!
  - Other programs
    - Health promotion and disease prevention (HPDP) programs (coaching, facilitated groups, etc.)
    - Complementary integrative health (CIH) (yoga, Tai Chi, meditation, etc.)
- Non-randomized stepped wedge models at site level
- Stratified by age (65 and older; younger than 65)





# Population Characteristics at Implementation Sites (N=6009)

	Women<65	Women <u>≥</u> 65
Patient Characteristics	years old	years old
	N=5,469	N=540
Mean Age	43	72
Race/Ethnicity: White	35%	54%
Black	31%	25%
Hispanic	18%	7%
American Indian	1%	1%
Asian	4%	1%
Native Hawaiian	1%	1%
Site Level		
% of women seen in WH clinic	82%	76%
(versus PC Clinic)		





	<b>Odds Ratio</b>	<b>Confidence Interval</b>
<b>MOVE! Exercise Program</b>		
Age 65+	1.09	(1.030-1.152)
< 65 years	1.00	(0.976-1.022)





	<b>Odds Ratio</b>	<b>Confidence Interval</b>
<b>MOVE! Exercise Program</b>		
Age 65+	1.09	(1.030-1.152)
< 65 years	1.00	(0.976-1.022)

#### In sites with the CV Toolkit active:

Women 65 years and older had greater odds of participating in MOVE! programs





	<b>Odds Ratio</b>	<b>Confidence Interval</b>
Other VA programs		
Age 65+	1.06	(0.959-1.165)
< 65 years	1.01	(1.002-1.022)





	<b>Odds Ratio</b>	<b>Confidence Interval</b>
Other VA programs		
Age 65+	1.06	(0.959-1.165)
< 65 years	1.01	(1.002-1.022)

#### In sites with the CV Toolkit active:

Women less than 65 years old had greater odds of participating in HPDP and/or CIH programs





### **Conclusions & Implications**

- The CV Toolkit intervention was effective in increasing women Veterans' participation in behavior change programs
- Variety in VA programs may be key to supporting CV targeted behavior change for women across the age spectrum
- Additional work is ongoing to understand uptake, adaptations, and sustainment of the CV Toolkit





#### Limitations

- Analytical sample was limited to the number of sites (n=5)
- Implementation ended early at two sites due to COVID-19





#### **CV Toolkit Lessons**

- Systematic CV risk screening and goal setting requires time and support
- Facilitated groups are hard to recruit and maintain
- Nearly all women have CV risks
  - But not all have considered a change
  - Yet some are ready to make a change



All women need support for any health behavior change!





#### **Next Steps: EMPOWER 2.0**

VA EMPOWER QUERI 2.0 (Hamilton, Bean-Mayberry, Farmer, Moin)

- Implementation of 3 evidence-based practices for women Veterans using virtual care/telehealth modalities at 20 sites
  - VA Telephone Lifestyle Coaching\* (TLC) 10 sites
  - Virtual Diabetes Prevention Program (DPP) 10 sites
  - Reach Out, stay Strong Essentials (ROSE) for pregnant women across the 20 sites
- Sites are randomized to either of 2 implementation strategies (EBQI or REP) to roll out practices.

\*TLC is supported via VA National Center for Health Promotion and Disease Prevention





#### **CV Toolkit Team**

CV Toolkit Pls: Bevanne Bean-Mayberry Melissa M Farmer	NCP In Kind Support: Margaret "Peg" Dundon Michael Goldstein Sophia Hurley
CV Toolkit Team: Autumn Watson Braddock Julian Brunner Catherine Chanfreau Kimberly Clair Karen Dyer Alison Hamilton Alexis Huynh	EMPOWER Core: Lisa Altman Ismelda Canelo Erin Finley Rachel Kimerling Martin Lee Tannaz Moin Rebecca Oberman
Jackie Lewis Jessica Moreau Hemen Saifu/ La Shawnta Jackson C. Amanda Schweizer Claire Than	SAG: Fatma Batuman, Ramin Ebrahimi THANK YOU, EVERYONE!





#### **Thank You**

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- VA Connecticut Healthcare System
- VA Greater Los Angeles Healthcare System
- VA South Texas Healthcare System
- National Center for Health Promotion and Disease Prevention
- Women's Health Medical Directors & Women Veteran Program Managers
- Women's Health and Primary Care PACT Teams
- Local Clinical Application Coordinators









#### Get Involved!

- ✓ Subscribe to the VA WHRN Listserv at <a href="https://www.research.va.gov/programs/womens\_health/listserv.cfm">https://www.research.va.gov/programs/womens\_health/listserv.cfm</a>
- ✓ **Contact** Adriana Rodriguez, Ph.D., WHRN Consortium Program Manager, at <u>Adriana.Rodriguez3@va.gov</u> with ideas for future cyberseminars focused on women's health.
- ✓ **Join** the CV Risk Reduction Workgroup in VA WHRN. Email <u>Karen.Goldstein@va.gov</u> and <u>Bevanne.Bean-Mayberry@va.gov</u>.

