## **APPENDIX A. SEARCH STRATEGIES**

**Database: MEDLINE (via Ovid)** 

Search Date: 2/13/2020

Note: Searching Ovid MEDLINE® ALL, 1946 to February 12, 2020

	earching Ovia MEDLINE® ALL, 1940 to February 12, 2020	_
#1	Telephone/ OR exp Cell Phone/ OR exp Text Messaging/ OR exp Computers, Handheld/ OR exp Telemedicine/ OR exp Remote Consultation/ OR exp Mobile Applications/ OR exp Call Centers/	54357
#2	(telehealth OR tele-health OR Telemedicine OR tele-medicine OR Telecare OR tele-care OR Teleconsultation OR teleconsultations OR tele-consultation OR teleconsultations OR "remote consultations" OR teleconsultations OR telephones OR phone OR phones OR Cellphone OR cellphones OR "cell phone" OR "cell phones" OR "Mobile application" OR "mobile applications" OR "web consultation" OR "video consultation" OR "video consultations" OR "video consultations" OR "video consultations" OR "online consultations" OR "internet consultation" OR "video conference" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences OR videoconferences OR videoconferences OR "web conferences OR "online conferences" OR "web conferences OR "online conferences" OR "internet chats" OR "video chats" OR "video chats" OR "online chats" OR "internet chats" OR "internet chats" OR "video meeting" OR "video meetings" OR "internet chats" OR "video meetings" OR "internet chats" OR "video calls" OR "online meetings" OR "internet OR "live chat" OR "health chat" OR "video message" OR "video messages" OR "video on Teleconference OR "call center" OR "call center" OR "call center" OR "call center" OR "	203614
#3	("face to face" OR "in person" OR inperson OR in-person).ti,ab. AND (alternative OR alternatives).ti,ab.	1427
#4	(text OR texts).ti,ab. AND (message OR messages OR messaging).ti,ab.	4865
#5	(mobile OR cellular OR cell).ti,ab. ADJ3 (device OR devices OR app OR apps OR applications OR applications).ti,ab.	16020
#6	1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5	234615
#7	exp After-Hours Care/	1825
#8	(exp Ambulatory Care/ OR exp Ambulatory Care Facilities/ OR exp Triage/ OR exp Outpatients/ OR exp Outpatient Clinics, Hospital/) AND (urgent OR acute).ti,ab.	7696
#9	("walk in" OR walk-in).ti,ab. AND (clinic OR clinics).ti,ab.	638
#10	("low acuity" OR "same day" OR "urgent care" OR "urgent visit" OR "urgent visits" OR "urgent health care" OR "urgent healthcare" OR "acute care" OR "acute visit" OR "acute visits" OR "acute health care" OR "acute healthcare" OR (("after hours" OR "out of hours") AND (care OR urgent OR clinic OR clinics)) OR "unscheduled"	53128





	care" OR "on demand" OR "direct to consumer" OR fast-track OR fast-tracked OR "fast track" OR "fast tracked").ti,ab.	
#11	7 or 8 or 9 or 10	61210
#12	6 and 11	2996
#13	exp Cohort Studies/ OR exp Follow-Up Studies/ OR exp Longitudinal Studies/ OR exp Prospective Studies/ OR exp Cross-Sectional Studies/ OR exp Controlled Before-After Studies/ OR exp Interrupted Time Series Analysis/ OR exp Evaluation studies as topic/	3112810
#14	"Randomized Controlled Trial".pt. OR "Controlled Clinical Trial".pt. OR "Clinical Trial".pt. OR "Observational Study".pt. OR "Evaluation Studies".pt. OR "Comparative Study".pt.	2733303
#15	(randomized OR randomised OR randomization OR randomisation OR placebo OR randomly OR trial OR trials OR groups OR "evaluation study" OR "evaluation studies" OR "intervention study" OR "intervention studies" OR cohort OR cohorts OR longitudinal OR longitudinally OR prospective OR prospectively OR follow-up OR "follow up" OR followup OR cross-sectional OR "cross sectional" OR "comparative study" OR "comparative studies" OR nonrandom OR "non-random" OR nonrandomized OR "non-randomized" OR nonrandomised OR "non-randomised" OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-control* OR qua	4862228
#16	controlled.ti,ab. AND (trial OR study).ti,ab.	427927
#17	("pre-post" OR "pre post" OR "posttest" OR "post-test" OR "post test" OR pretest OR "pre-test" OR "pre test" OR "repeated measure" OR "repeated measures").ti,ab.	71333
#18	(before.ti,ab. AND after.ti,ab.) OR (before.ti,ab. AND during.ti,ab.)	862396
#19	"time series".ti,ab. AND interrupt*.ti,ab.	2997
#20	"time points".ti,ab. AND (multiple OR one OR two OR three OR four OR five OR six OR seven OR eight OR nine OR ten OR month OR monthly OR day OR daily OR week OR weekly OR hour OR hourly).ti,ab.	62653
#21	13 or 14 or 15 or 16 or 17 or 18 or 19 or 20	8166940
#22	12 and 21	1840

## **EMBASE** (via Elsevier)

Search date: 2/13/2020

Note: Search EMBASE from the Results page

110101 21	taren EMBASE from the Results page	
#1	'telephone'/exp OR 'mobile phone'/exp OR 'smartphone'/exp OR 'text messaging'/exp OR 'text message'/exp OR 'personal digital assistant'/exp OR 'telemedicine'/exp OR 'teleconsultation'/exp OR 'mobile application'/exp OR 'mobile health application'/exp OR 'call center'/exp	107,474
#2	(telehealth OR Telemedicine OR Telecare OR Teleconsultation OR teleconsultations OR 'remote consultation' OR 'remote consultations' OR telenurse OR telenurses OR telenursing OR telephone OR telephones OR phone OR phones OR Cellphone OR cellphones OR 'cell phone' OR 'cell phones' OR smartphone OR smartphones OR 'smart phone' OR 'smart phones' OR 'Mobile application' OR 'mobile applications' OR 'mobile application' OR iPhone OR Android OR iPad OR Blackberry OR eHealth OR mHealth OR 'video consultation' OR 'video consultations' OR 'web consultation' OR 'video consultations' OR 'online consultations' OR 'internet consultation' OR 'internet consultations' OR 'video conferences' OR 'video	282,025



	conferencing' OR videoconference OR videoconferences OR videoconferencing OR 'web conference' OR 'web conferences' OR 'web conferences' OR 'online conference' OR 'online conferences' OR 'online conferences' OR 'internet conferences' OR 'internet conferences' OR 'internet conferences' OR 'internet conferencing' OR 'video chat' OR 'video chats' OR webchat OR 'web chat' OR webchats OR 'web chats' OR 'online chat' OR 'online chats' OR 'internet chat' OR 'internet chats' OR 'video meeting' OR 'video meetings' OR 'web meeting' OR 'web meetings' OR 'online meeting' OR 'online meetings' OR 'internet meeting' OR 'internet meetings' OR 'chat room' OR 'chat rooms' OR 'live chat' OR 'health chat' OR 'video message' OR 'video messages' OR 'video messaging' OR 'video call' OR 'video calls' OR teleconference OR teleconferences OR teleconferencing OR webex OR zoom OR skype OR ooVoo OR FaceTime OR Tango OR GoToMeeting OR 'interactive voice response' OR IVR OR SMS OR 'short message service' OR Virtual OR 'web based' OR 'call center' OR 'call centers' OR 'call centres' OR 'communication technology' OR 'communication technologies'):ti,ab	
#3	('face to face' OR 'in person' OR inperson):ti,ab AND (alternative OR alternatives):ti,ab	2037
#4	(text OR texts):ti,ab AND (message OR messages OR messaging):ti,ab	6466
#5	((mobile OR cellular OR cell) NEAR/3 (device OR devices OR app OR apps OR applications OR applications)):ti,ab	18753
#6	1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5	325,982
#7	'out-of-hours care'/exp	390
#8	('ambulatory care'/exp OR 'outpatient department'/exp OR 'emergency health service'/exp OR 'outpatient'/exp) AND (urgent OR acute):ti,ab	34390
#9	('walk in' OR walk-in):ti,ab AND (clinic OR clinics):ti,ab	1007
#10	('low acuity' OR 'same day' OR 'urgent care' OR 'urgent visit' OR 'urgent visits' OR 'urgent health care' OR 'urgent healthcare' OR 'acute care' OR 'acute visit' OR 'acute visits' OR 'acute health care' OR 'acute healthcare' OR (('after hours' OR 'out of hours') AND (care OR urgent OR clinic OR clinics)) OR 'unscheduled care' OR 'on demand' OR 'direct to consumer' OR fasttrack OR fasttracked OR 'fast tracked'):ti,ab	81252
#11	7 or 8 or 9 or 10	112287
#12	6 and 11	6104
#13	'randomized controlled trial'/exp OR 'crossover procedure'/exp OR 'double blind procedure'/exp OR 'single blind procedure'/exp OR 'clinical study'/exp OR 'controlled study'/exp OR 'evaluation study'/exp OR 'intervention study'/exp OR 'cohort analysis'/exp OR 'follow up'/exp OR 'comparative effectiveness'/exp OR 'longitudinal study'/exp OR 'evaluation study'/exp OR 'prospective study'/exp OR 'time series analysis'/exp OR 'cross-sectional study'/exp	14,686,16 0
#14	(randomized OR randomised OR randomization OR randomisation OR placebo OR randomly OR trial OR trials OR groups OR 'evaluation study' OR 'evaluation studies' OR 'intervention study' OR 'intervention studies' OR cohort OR cohorts OR longitudinal OR longitudinally OR prospective OR prospectively OR follow-up OR 'follow up' OR followup OR cross-sectional OR 'cross sectional' OR 'comparative study' OR 'comparative studies' OR nonrandom OR 'non-random' OR nonrandomized OR 'non-randomized' OR nonrandomised OR 'non-randomised' OR quasiexperiment* OR quasirandom* OR quasicontrol* OR quasicontrol*):ti,ab	
#15	controlled:ti,ab AND (trial OR study):ti,ab	586,417



#16	('pre-post' OR 'pre post' OR 'posttest' OR 'post-test' OR pretest OR 'pre test' OR 'repeated measure' OR 'repeated measures'):ti,ab	105841
#17	(before:ti,ab AND after:ti,ab) OR (before:ti,ab AND during:ti,ab)	1277121
#18	'time series':ti,ab AND interrupt*:ti,ab	3742
#19	'time points':ti,ab AND (multiple OR one OR two OR three OR four OR five OR six OR seven OR eight OR nine OR ten OR month OR monthly OR day OR daily OR week OR weekly OR hour OR hourly):ti,ab	101872
#20	13 or 14 or 15 or 16 or 17 or 18 or 19	17,216,08 1
#21	12 and 20	4,363
#22	#21 NOT [conference abstract]/lim	2,233

## **CINAHL Complete (via EBSCO)**

Search date: 2/13/2020

#1	(MH "Telephone+") OR (MH "Cellular Phone+") OR (MH "Text Messaging") OR (MH "Smartphone") OR (MH "Videoconferencing+") OR (MH "Webcasts") OR (MH "Computers, Hand-Held+") OR (MH "Telemedicine+") OR (MH "Remote Consultation") OR (MH "Telenursing") OR (MH "Mobile Applications")	45381
#2	Ti(telehealth OR tele-health OR Telemedicine OR tele-medicine OR Telecare OR tele-care OR Teleconsultation OR teleconsultations OR tele-consultation OR teleconsultations OR "remote consultations" OR teleconsultations" OR teleconsultations OR "mobile applications" OR "mobile applications" OR "mobile applications" OR "mobile applications" OR "mobile apps" OR iPhone OR Android OR iPad OR Blackberry OR eHealth OR ehealth OR mHealth OR m-health OR "video consultation" OR "video consultations" OR "or "video consultations" OR "video consultations" OR "video consultations" OR "video conference" OR "video conferences" OR "video conference" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences OR videoconferences OR videoconferences OR "online conferences" OR "online conferences" OR "online conferences" OR "internet conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "online conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "online conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video conferences" OR "video chat" OR webchat OR "web chat" OR webchats OR "veb chat" OR "video chat" OR "online chats" OR "online chats" OR "video meeting" OR "internet chats" OR "video meeting" OR "video meetings" OR "internet chat" OR "video meesages" OR "video meesages" OR "video messages" OR "video on	103446



#3	phones" OR "Mobile application" OR "mobile applications" OR "mobile apps" OR iPhone OR Android OR iPad OR Blackberry OR eHealth OR e- health OR mHealth OR m-health OR "video consultation" OR "video consultations" OR "web consultation" OR "web consultation" OR "online consultations" OR "internet consultations" OR "video conferences" OR "web conferences" OR "web conferences OR videoconferences OR videoconferences OR "web conferences" OR "web conferences" OR "web conferences" OR "online conferences" OR "online conferences" OR "online conferences" OR "internet chat" OR "video chats" OR "online chats" OR "internet chat" OR "internet chats" OR "video meetings" OR "online meetings" OR "internet meeting" OR "online meetings" OR "internet meeting" OR "online meetings" OR "internet meeting" OR "video messages" OR "video messages" OR "video messaging" OR "video call" OR "video calls" OR teleconference OR teleconference OR teleconferences OR teleconferen	3192
#3	(TI("face to face" OR "in person" OR inperson OR in-person) OR AB("face to face" OR "in person" OR inperson OR in-person)) AND (TI(alternative OR alternatives) OR AB(alternative OR alternatives))	3192
#4	(TI(text OR texts) OR AB(text OR texts)) AND (TI(message OR messages OR messaging) OR AB(message OR messages OR messaging))	2932
#5	(TI(mobile OR cellular OR cell) OR AB(mobile OR cellular OR cell)) AND (TI(device OR devices OR app OR apps OR applications OR applications) OR AB(device OR devices OR app OR apps OR applications OR applications)	158403
#6	1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5	274227
#7	((MH "Ambulatory Care") OR (MH "Ambulatory Care Facilities") OR (MH "Outpatient Service") OR (MH "Outpatients") OR (MH "Triage") OR (MH "Acute Care")) AND (Tl(urgent) OR AB(urgent))	990
#8	(TI("walk in" OR walk-in) OR AB("walk in" OR walk-in)) AND (TI(clinic OR clinics) OR AB(clinic OR clinics))	744
#9	TI("low acuity" OR "same day" OR "urgent care" OR "urgent visit" OR "urgent visits" OR "urgent health care" OR "urgent healthcare" OR "acute care" OR "acute visit" OR "acute visits" OR "acute health care" OR "acute healthcare" OR "unscheduled care" OR "on demand" OR "direct to consumer" OR fast-track OR fast-tracked OR "fast track" OR "fast tracked") OR AB("low acuity" OR "same day" OR "urgent care" OR "urgent visit" OR "urgent visits" OR "urgent health care" OR "urgent healthcare" OR "acute care" OR "acute visit" OR "acute visits" OR "acute health care" OR "acute healthcare" OR "unscheduled care" OR "on demand" OR "direct to consumer" OR fast-track OR fast-tracked OR "fast track" OR "fast tracked")	48425
#10	(Tl("after hours" OR "out of hours") OR AB("after hours" OR "out of hours")) AND (Tl(care OR urgent OR clinic OR clinics) OR AB(care OR urgent OR clinic OR clinics))	1070
#11	7 or 8 or 9 or 10	50479
#12	6 and 11	5400
		•



#13	(MH "Randomized Controlled Trials+") OR (MH "Intervention Trials") OR (MH "Double-Blind Studies") OR (MH "Clinical Trials+") OR (MH "Single-Blind Studies") OR (MH "Therapeutic Trials") OR (MH "Triple-Blind Studies") OR (MH "Prospective Studies+") OR (MH "Cross Sectional Studies") OR (MH "Interrupted Time Series Analysis") OR (MH "Controlled Before-After Studies") OR (MH "Nonrandomized Trials") OR (MH "Pretest-Posttest Design+") OR (MH "Comparative Studies+") OR (MH "Evaluation Research+")	966101
#14	Tl(randomized OR randomised OR randomization OR randomisation OR placebo OR randomly OR trial OR trials OR groups OR "evaluation study" OR "evaluation studies" OR "intervention study" OR "intervention studies" OR cohort OR cohorts OR longitudinal OR longitudinally OR prospective OR prospectively OR follow-up OR "follow up" OR followup OR cross-sectional OR "cross sectional" OR "comparative study" OR "comparative studies" OR nonrandom OR "non-random" OR nonrandomized OR "non-randomized" OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-random* OR quasi-control* OR quasi-control* OR quasicontrol* OR quasi-control* OR quasi-control* OR grandomised OR randomization OR randomisation OR placebo OR randomly OR trial OR trials OR groups OR "evaluation study" OR "evaluation studies" OR "intervention study" OR "intervention study" OR "intervention study" OR "comparative OR prospectively OR follow-up OR "follow up" OR followup OR cross-sectional OR "cross sectional" OR "comparative study" OR "comparative studies" OR nonrandom OR "non-randomized OR "non-randomized OR "non-randomized OR "non-randomized" OR nonrandomised OR "non-randomised" OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-experiment* OR quasi-control*	1332548
#15	(Tl(controlled) OR AB(controlled) AND (Tl(trial OR study) OR AB(trial OR study))	168527
#16	TI("pre-post" OR "pre post" OR "posttest" OR "post-test" OR "post test" OR pretest OR "pre-test" OR "pre test" OR "repeated measure" OR "repeated measures") OR AB("pre-post" OR "pre post" OR "posttest" OR "post-test" OR "post test" OR pretest OR "pre-test" OR "pre test" OR "repeated measure" OR "repeated measures")	36293
#17	(TI(before AND after) OR AB(before AND after)) OR (TI(before AND during) OR AB(before AND during))	149392
#18	(TI("time series") OR AB("time series") AND (TI(interrupt*) OR AB(interrupt*))	2311
#19	(TI("time points") OR AB("time points")) AND (TI(multiple OR one OR two OR three OR four OR five OR six OR seven OR eight OR nine OR ten OR month OR monthly OR day OR daily OR week OR weekly OR hour OR hourly) OR AB(multiple OR one OR two OR three OR four OR five OR six OR seven OR eight OR nine OR ten OR month OR monthly OR day OR daily OR week OR weekly OR hour OR hourly))	15792
#20	13 or 14 or 15 or 16 or 17 or 18 or 19	1757703
#21	12 and 20	2,622
#22	21 NOT PT (Abstract OR Book OR Book Chapter OR Book Review OR Case Study OR Commentary OR Editorial OR Letter OR Masters Thesis OR Pamphlet OR Pamphlet Chapter OR Poetry ) AND Academic Journals	2,401



# **APPENDIX B. STUDY CHARACTERISTICS**

Study Design Country #Enrolled/Units # of Arms Funding Key Question	Eligibility	Delivery Mode	Intervention Description	Population Mean Age (SD) Female % Race %	Outcomes Reported Outcome Timing	ROB
Ashwood, 2017 <sup>21</sup> Cohort USA 2,943 patients 2 arms California Health Care Foundation KQ 1	Enrollees of CalPERS Blue Shield of California HMO who had an acute respiratory infection visit at any time in the period April 2012 and November 2013	Telephone; Video; Application	Comparison of per episode spending for direct-to-consumer telehealth visits via Teledoc for acute respiratory infections versus in-person care settings.	Mean age: NR Sex: 61% Race: NR	Cost Health care utilization Timepoint not reported	Moderate
Cragg, 1997 <sup>22</sup> RCT United Kingdom 2,152 patients 2 arms MRC Health Services Research Board KQ 1  Companion: McKinley, 1997 33	Patients calling out of hours within the area of Manchester, Stockport, Leicester, and Salford	Telephone	This study compared out-of-hours care provided by a patient's own practice cooperative and care provided by a commercial deputizing service with providers unfamiliar to the patient. Patients were offered telephone advice, home visits, or an in-person visit at the primary care center.	Mean age: NR Sex: NR Race: NR	Patient satisfaction 24-120 hours Case resolution 1 year Heath care utilization 1 year Cost 1 year Health care access 1 year	Some concerns
Gordon, 2017 <sup>23</sup> Cross-sectional USA	Patients aged 65 years and younger, commercially insured, without	Video	Virtual health care for acute, non-urgent conditions ( <i>eg</i> , colds, allergies, urinary tract	Median age adults: 39.3	Health care utilization 3 week period	Fair





Study Design Country #Enrolled/Units # of Arms Funding Key Question	Eligibility	Delivery Mode	Intervention Description	Population Mean Age (SD) Female % Race %	Outcomes Reported Outcome Timing	ROB
59,945 patients 5 arms Anthem KQ 1	serious/expensive comorbidities, with virtual visits for specific conditions (sinusitis, upper respiratory infection, urinary tract infection, conjunctivitis, bronchitis, pharyngitis, influenza, cough, dermatitis, digestive symptom, or ear pain) matched to those receiving care for similar conditions in other settings (retail clinic, urgent care, ED, PCP)		infections) provided by physicians via a live video visit platform. Data were collected from an insurance claims database. Virtual visits were compared to care delivered in person through retail health clinics, urgent care centers, and emergency departments.	Median age children: 8.4 Sex: 56% Race: NR	Cost 3-week period At index visit	
Knowles, 2016 <sup>24</sup> Controlled before and after United Kingdom 2,8071 survey respondents 2 arms UK NHS KQ 1	Population survey sent to all residents (or their proxies) of 7 areas in pilot/control regions in the UK	Telephone	The UK National Health System (NHS) 111 telephone urgent care triage service. This service was introduced in 4 regions of England in 2010 and intended for people having a non-life-threatening health care episode. Non-clinical call handlers direct patients to appropriate in-person medical services or advice over the phone. The predecessor system (NHS Direct) included a nurse helpline and triage for some practices and was	Mean age: NR Sex: 49% Race: 86% White; 14% Other	Patient satisfaction Time point not reported	Moderate





Study Design Country # Enrolled/Units # of Arms Funding Key Question	Eligibility	Delivery Mode	Intervention Description	Population Mean Age (SD) Female % Race %	Outcomes Reported Outcome Timing	ROB
Lattimer, 1998 <sup>36</sup> Cluster RCT 14,492 visits England 2 arms BT and South and West Regional Health Authority KQ 2	Patient calls were included if they were made by registered patients who contacted the out of hours telephone consultation service for a general practice cooperative consisting of 19 practices (55 general practitioners) in Wiltshire, England during the trial period (Jan 1997 - Jan 1998).	Telephone	accessible at the time of the study.  Patients in the intervention arm called the after-hours consultation service, gave their details to a receptionist, and then were directed to a nurse. The nurse conducted a systematic assessment of the caller's problem and recommended an appropriate course of action which included either management with nurse advice alone, contact with the general practitioner, or direct contact with emergency services. The control arm patient calls were directed by the receptionist directly to the GP who recommended telephone management or in-person care.	Mean age: <4 years old: 25% -24 years old: 21% -44 years old: 20% -64 years old: 12% -75 years old: 19% years old: Unknown 2% Sex: 58% Race: NR	Patient safety 7 days of call Increased resource cost Time point not reported	Some
Lovell, 2019 <sup>25</sup> Cross-sectional USA 12,581 visits	All virtual care claims and matched (1:4) ratio urgent care, primary care, and emergency department claims for patients under 65	Web-based; Video	Any Intermountain Health patient with access to high-speed internet can access the virtual visit program, which utilizes protocols.	Mean age: NR Sex: 66% Race: NR	Cost Over 21 days	Good





Study Design Country # Enrolled/Units # of Arms Funding Key Question	Eligibility	Delivery Mode	Intervention Description	Population Mean Age (SD) Female % Race %	Outcomes Reported Outcome Timing	ROB
4 arms Stated as unfunded KQ 1	years of age presenting with the 9 most common diagnoses addressed in virtual care, for patients covered by SelectHealth insurance company and occurring in April and March 2016		This is an on-demand direct-to-consumer video or telephone care service.			
McKinley, 2002 <sup>26</sup> Cross-sectional England 2,263 patients 6 arms Consumers Association KQ 1	Patients who requested care after practice hours on weekdays and weekends during 9/29/97-12/6/97 were included. Exclusion criteria included 12 to 16-year-old patients, if the reason for the visit was to certify death, or if they were known to have died subsequently.	Telephone	Intervention arms included out-of-hours care provided by practices providing their own services, GP cooperatives, and a deputizing service. These 3 systems offered home visits, care at the primary care center, or telephone advice.	Age: Less than 12 years old: 45% Older than 65 years old: 17% Sex: 55% Race: NR	Patient satisfaction After requested care	Good
Poon, 2018 <sup>3</sup> Cohort USA 20.6 million visits 4 arms Funding NR KQ 1	All insured members of Aetna under age 65 with coverage in all study years 2008-2015	Mode NR	This study describes the changes in utilization and cost trends over 8 years during the advent of direct-to-consumer telemedicine for unscheduled low-acuity care.	Median age: 31.75 Sex: 58.5% Female Race: NR	Health care utilization Cost 8 years	Serious
Salisbury, 1997 <sup>27</sup> Cohort England	Contacts with patients who requested out of hours care over an 8-week period	Telephone	Patients called for care through either their primary care co-operative or a	Mean age: NR Sex: NR Race: NR	Patient satisfaction	Serious





Study Design Country #Enrolled/Units # of Arms Funding Key Question	Eligibility	Delivery Mode	Intervention Description	Population Mean Age (SD) Female % Race %	Outcomes Reported Outcome Timing	ROB
1,555 visits 3 arms Kensington, Chelsea, and Westminster Medical Audit Advisory Group and Healthcall KQ 1	starting September 1, 1995, in a section of London served by a general practice out of hours cooperative or a commercial service		commercial "deputizing" service, which is a contracted service to handle out-of-hours calls for the primary care group. After requesting care, patients would have either a phone visit, a clinic visit, or an inhome visit.		Time point not reported	
Sen, 2019 <sup>28</sup> Cross-sectional United Kingdom 10,315 patients 1 arm Funding none KQ 1	All callers to 111 service during study times excluding acute conditions such as assaults, foreign bodies, or penetrating trauma.	Telephone	The UK National Health Service 111 center call handlers triaged out of hours calls to in-person care or on-call consultation by a practitioner. For this study, patients who would have been advised to go to the ED by the clinical support software were passed to a clinical assessment service (CAS) and reviewed by either an EP (July to November 2016) or an NPCA (December 2016 to February 2017).	Mean age: NR Sex: NR Race: NR	Case resolution 7 months	Fair
Shi, 2018 <sup>37</sup> Cohort USA 1,167,468 visits	Adults seeking care for acute respiratory infections between 18 to 64 years old who had pharmaceutical	Telephone	Claims data from a national insurer was used to compare care received via direct-to-consumer telemedicine visits to in-	Mean age: 18–34 years old: 33%	Inappropriate treatment At index	Moderate





Study Design Country # Enrolled/Units # of Arms Funding Key Question	Eligibility	Delivery Mode	Intervention Description	Population Mean Age (SD) Female % Race %	Outcomes Reported Outcome Timing	ROB
3 arms Funding none KQ 2	coverage at the time of their visit		person primary care and urgent care visits for respiratory infections. Telemedicine visits are usually video but may be limited to telephone audioonly.	35–44 years old: 32% 45–54 years old: 23% 55–64 years old: 13%		
				Sex: 63% Female Race: NR		
Shipman, 2000 <sup>29</sup> Cross-sectional England 1,288 patients 3 arms District Health Authority of NHS KQ 1	Surveyed patients were sampled from the GP cooperative and deputizing company from April 21, 1997, to May 25, 1997. Excluded patients included those who were very ill, patients with a second contact made during the study period, temporary residents, and, with the exception of children, patients whose contact was through a third party. Only those patients sampled from the GP co-operative have been included in the data extracted for this meta-analysis.	Telephone	This study evaluated patient satisfaction for care received via telephone and in-person by a GP cooperative, deputizing service, and practice-based GPs between 4/21/97 and 5/25/97. The co-operative consisted of 290 GPs. Of these, 110 used both a deputizing doctor service and a rotating GP cooperative.	Mean age: NR Sex: NR Race: NR	Patient satisfaction 1 week after out-of-hours consultation	Fair





Study Design Country #Enrolled/Units # of Arms Funding Key Question	Eligibility	Delivery Mode	Intervention Description	Population Mean Age (SD) Female % Race %	Outcomes Reported Outcome Timing	ROB
Tranberg, 2018 30 Cross-sectional Denmark 7213 contacts 3 arms Funded by Danish foundation TrygFonden KQ 1	Exclusion criteria included protection against research participation, previous inclusion of same patient, unknown postal, sensitive matters (eg, attempted suicide or terminal illness), and death.	Telephone	GP cooperatives provide out-of-hours primary care on a rotating basis. Calls are answered by GPs who can provide advice, write prescriptions, or triage patients to in person care at home, at a clinic, or at a hospital.	Percent of contacts per age category: 0–4 years old: 22% 5–18 years old: 16% 19–50 years old: 27% 51–75 years old: 24% > 75 years old: 12% Sex: 52% Female Race: NR	Patient satisfaction	Good
Turner, 2013 <sup>31</sup> Controlled before and after United Kingdom 277,163 calls 2 arms UK Department of Health KQ 1	Participants were all users of the emergency and urgent care systems in the intervention (Durham & Darlington, Nottingham, Lincolnshire, Luton) sites recorded in routine service activity data as having accessed and used a range of emergency or urgent care services during 2010-11 after the initiation of NHS 111 at those sites. The comparison rates of service use at the	Telephone	The United Kingdom National Health Service 111 program is a telephone triage service designed to manage all requests for urgent help by routing patient calls to the correct type of medical service (ie, on-call advice, ambulance services, health information, urgent care, primary care appointments) with 1 call.	Mean age: NR Sex: NR Race: NR	Health care utilization 12 months	Moderate





Study Design Country #Enrolled/Units # of Arms Funding Key Question	Eligibility	Delivery Mode	Intervention Description	Population Mean Age (SD) Female % Race %	Outcomes Reported Outcome Timing	ROB
	control sites (North of Tyne, Norfolk, Leicester City) and the intervention sites were rates of use of these same services in the 2008-2010 period (for the intervention site comparisons) and 2008-2011 for the control site comparisons.					
Wallace, 2018 <sup>38</sup> Cross-sectional Ireland 298 visits 1 arm Health Research Board of Ireland KQ 2	After-hours patients (all ages; 53% adults) seen by one of 5 practices in the past 5 years	Telephone	Callers to the out-of-hours service in Dublin were triaged by nurses to receive home visits or center care with a GP. The study characterized patient complaints over a 5-year period.	Mean age: NR Sex: 58% Female Race: NR	Inappropriate treatment 7 years	Fair
Wilson, 2001 <sup>32</sup> Cross-sectional United Kingdom 1,115 patients 1 arm University of Glasgow, Scottish Office Department of Health KQ 1	Patients (or their care givers requesting on behalf) calling to request out of hours medical care in Glasgow	Telephone	This out-of-hours cooperative via Glasgow Emergency Medical Service served 952,000 patients across 6 locations. Callers received telephone advice, were offered a home visit, or received care at the primary care center (with free transport if required).	Mean age: NR Sex: NR Race: NR	Patient satisfaction Week after call	Good





# **APPENDIX C. INTERVENTION CHARACTERISTICS**

Study N # of Arms	Intervention Delivery Method (eg, Phone, Internet)	How Patient Enters Tele- urgent System	Type of System (eg, National, Private)	Who Answered Call? Delivered Care?	Intervention Components	Comparator Category
Ashwood, 2017 <sup>21</sup> 2,943 patients 2 arms	Telephone; Video; Application	Self-referred	Private Direct-to- consumer	Not reported  MD providers	Comparison of per episode spending for direct-to-consumer telehealth visits via Teledoc for acute respiratory infections versus in-person care settings.	In-person care
Cragg, 1997 <sup>22</sup> 2,152 patients 2 arms	Telephone	Patient- initiated	Community/ regional health system; private	General Practitioner; deputizing doctor Practice doctors; deputizing doctor	This study compared out-of-hours care provided by a patient's own practice cooperative and care provided by a commercial deputizing service with providers unfamiliar to the patient. Patients were offered telephone advice, home visits, or an in-person visit at the primary care center.	Deputizing doctors
Gordon, 2017 <sup>23</sup> 59,945 patients 5 arms		Self-referred	Private Direct-to- consumer	Not reported  Provider not reported	Virtual health care for acute, non-urgent conditions (eg, colds, allergies, urinary tract infections) provided by physicians via a live video visit platform. Data were collected from an insurance claims database. Virtual visits were compared to care delivered in person through retail health clinics, urgent care centers, and emergency departments.	ED, urgent care, retail clinics, PCP
Knowles, 2016 <sup>24</sup> 2,8071 survey respondents 2 arms	Telephone	Triage	National health system	Non-clinical call handler General practitioner	The UK National Health System (NHS) 111 telephone urgent care triage service. This service was introduced in 4 regions of England in 2010 and intended for people having a non-life-threatening health care episode. Non-clinical call handlers direct patients to appropriate inperson medical services or advice over the phone. The predecessor system	The comparator was regions not participating in NHS 111



Study N # of Arms	Intervention Delivery Method (eg, Phone, Internet)	How Patient Enters Tele- urgent System	Type of System (eg, National, Private)	Who Answered Call? Delivered Care?	Intervention Components	Comparator Category
					(NHS Direct) included a nurse helpline and triage for some practices and was accessible at the time of the study.	
Lattimer, 1998 <sup>36</sup> 14,492 visits 2 arms	Telephone	Triage	National health system and Community/ regional health system	Non-clinical call handler  General practitioner; nurse	Patients in the intervention arm called the after-hours consultation service, gave their details to a receptionist, and then were directed to a nurse. The nurse conducted a systematic assessment of the caller's problem and recommended an appropriate course of action which included either management with nurse advice alone, contact with the general practitioner, or direct contact with emergency services. The control arm patient calls were directed by the receptionist directly to the GP who recommended telephone management or in-person care.	During the control periods, the receptionist who answered the initial call took down patient details and then passed the call on to a GP.
Lovell, 2019 <sup>25</sup> 12,581 visits 4 arms	Web-based; Video	Not reported	Direct-to- consumer  Community/ regional health system	Not reported  Provider not reported	Any Intermountain Health patient with access to high-speed internet can access the virtual visit program, which utilizes protocols. This is an on-demand direct-to-consumer video or telephone care service.	The first comparator arm is care in urgent care centers. Comparators were selected for each of the three categories (ie, urgent care, primary care, or emergency department)
McKinley, 2002 <sup>26</sup> 2,263 patients	Telephone	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported	Intervention arms included out-of-hours care provided by practices providing their own services, GP cooperatives, and a deputizing service. These 3 systems	Comparators included inperson care at practice, co-





Study N # of Arms	Intervention Delivery Method (eg, Phone, Internet)	How Patient Enters Tele- urgent System	Type of System (eg, National, Private)	Who Answered Call? Delivered Care?	Intervention Components	Comparator Category
6 arms				Provider not reported	offered home visits, care at the primary care center, or telephone advice.	operative, and hybrid co- operatives services.
Poon, 2018 <sup>3</sup> 20.6 million visits 4 arms	Mode not reported	Not reported	Private  Direct-to- consumer	Not reported  Provider not reported	This study describes the changes in utilization and cost trends over 8 years during the advent of direct-to-consumer telemedicine for unscheduled low-acuity care.	Emergency department use
Salisbury, 1997 <sup>27</sup> 1,555 visits 3 arms	Telephone	Not clear	Community/re gional health system; private	Not reported  General practitioner	Patients called for care through either their primary care co-operative or a commercial "deputizing" service, which is a contracted service to handle out-of-hours calls for the primary care group. After requesting care, patients would have either a phone visit, a clinic visit, or an in-home visit.	Home visit or attending the primary care clinic
Sen, 2019 <sup>28</sup> 10,315 patients 1 arm	Telephone	Triage	National health system	Non-clinical call handler Provider not reported	The UK National Health Service 111 center call handlers triaged out-of-hours calls to in-person care or on-call consultation by a practitioner. For this study, patients who would have been advised to go to the ED by the clinical support software were passed to a clinical assessment service (CAS) and reviewed by either an EP (July to November 2016) or an NPCA (December 2016 to February 2017).	NHS 111 telephone triage by non-clinicians using decision support tool (data from year prior to intervention using clinician triage and no decision support tool)
Shi, 2018 <sup>37</sup> 1,167,468 visits	Video; Telephone	Patient- initiated	Private	Not reported  Physician	Claims data from a national insurer was used to compare care received via direct-to-consumer telemedicine visits to inperson primary care and urgent care	Urgent care and primary care





Study N # of Arms	Intervention Delivery Method (eg, Phone, Internet)	How Patient Enters Tele- urgent System	Type of System (eg, National, Private)	Who Answered Call? Delivered Care?	Intervention Components	Comparator Category
3 arms			Direct-to- consumer		visits for respiratory infections. Telemedicine visits are usually video but may be limited to telephone audio-only.	
Shipman, 2000 <sup>29</sup> 1,288 patients 3 arms	Telephone	Patient- initiated	National health system	Not reported  General practitioner	This study evaluated patient satisfaction for care received via telephone and inperson by a GP co-operative, deputizing service, and practice based-GPs between 4/21/97 and 5/25/97. The co-operative consisted of 290 GPs. Of these, 110 used both a deputizing doctor service and a rotating GP co-operative.	Comparator groups included co-operative base and co- operative home
Tranberg, 2018 <sup>30</sup> 7213 contacts 3 arms	Telephone	Triaged by GPs	National health system	General practitioners General practitioners	GP cooperatives provide out-of-hours primary care on a rotating basis. Calls are answered by GPs who can provide advice, write prescriptions, or triage patients to in-person care at home, at a clinic, or at a hospital.	Clinic consultation and home visits
Turner, 2013 <sup>31</sup> 277, 163 calls 2 arms	Telephone	Triage	National health system	Non-clinical call handler General practitioner	The United Kingdom National Health Service 111 program is a telephone triage service designed to manage all requests for urgent help by routing patient calls to the correct type of medical service ( <i>ie</i> , on-call advice, ambulance services, health information, urgent care, primary care appointments) with one call.	Usual care without NHS 111 triage in non- participating regions with access to NHS Direct
Wallace, 2018 <sup>38</sup> 298 visits 1 arm	Telephone	Triage	Community/re gional health system	Nurse; general practitioner  General practitioner	Callers to the out-of-hours service in Dublin were triaged by nurses to receive home visits or center care with a GP. The study characterized patient complaints over a 5-year period.	Not applicable



Study N # of Arms	Intervention Delivery Method (eg, Phone, Internet)	How Patient Enters Tele- urgent System	Type of System (eg, National, Private)	Who Answered Call? Delivered Care?	Intervention Components	Comparator Category
Wilson, 2001 <sup>32</sup> 1,115 patients 1 arm	Telephone	Self-referred	Community/ regional health system	Not reported  General Practitioners	This out-of-hours cooperative via Glasgow Emergency Medical Service served 952,000 patients across 6 locations. Callers received telephone advice, were offered a home visit, or received care at the primary care center (with free transport if required).	No comparator



## APPENDIX D. EXCLUDED STUDIES

	Exclusion Reason									
Study	Not OECD	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcomes	Design				
Adriaenssens, 2017 <sup>1</sup>		Х								
Akhtar, 2018 <sup>2</sup>			Х							
Albert, 2015 <sup>3</sup>				Х						
Allan, 2019 <sup>4</sup>			Х							
Allen-Davis, 1998⁵						Х				
Amarenco, 2007 <sup>6</sup>			Х							
Anderson, 2019 <sup>7</sup>			Х							
Anonymous, 1997 <sup>8</sup>				Х						
Atiyeh, 2014 <sup>9</sup>	Х									
Balas, 1997 <sup>10</sup>						Х				
Ball, 2008 <sup>11</sup>			Х							
Beard, 2017 <sup>12</sup>			Х							
Beech, 2000 <sup>13</sup>			Х							
Benger, 2004 <sup>14</sup>			Х							
Bhandari, 2014 <sup>15</sup>			Х							
Bjerring, 2012 <sup>16</sup>			Х							
Bladin, 2015 <sup>17</sup>		Х								
Blank, 2012 <sup>18</sup>						Х				
Bolli, 2005 <sup>19</sup>		Х								
Brogan, 1998 <sup>20</sup>				Х						
Brunett, 2015 <sup>21</sup>					X					
Brunetti, 2013 <sup>22</sup>						Х				
Brunner, 2018 <sup>23</sup>			Х							
Buja, 2015 <sup>24</sup>				Х						
Bunn, 2005 <sup>25</sup>						Х				



	Exclusion Reason									
Study	Not OECD	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcomes	Design				
Bury, 2006 <sup>26</sup>		Х								
Calitri, 2015 <sup>27</sup>			Х							
Campbell, 2013 <sup>28</sup>		Х								
Campbell, 2015 <sup>29</sup>			Х							
Campbell, 2009 <sup>30</sup>				Х						
Cherry, 2009 <sup>31</sup>			Х							
Chess, 2018 <sup>32</sup>		Х								
Cheung, 2019 <sup>33</sup>		Х								
Cook, 2015 <sup>34</sup>			Х							
Cook, 2010 <sup>35</sup>			Х							
Cooper, 2005 <sup>36</sup>				Х						
Costa, 2018 <sup>37</sup>	Х									
Custer, 2003 <sup>38</sup>			Х							
Dahlgren, 2017 <sup>39</sup>				Х						
Dale, 1998 <sup>40</sup>		Х								
Dale, 1997 <sup>41</sup>				Х						
Davis, 2019 <sup>42</sup>					Х					
Derkx, 2008 <sup>43</sup>		Х								
Dhruva, 2007 <sup>44</sup>		Х								
Donaghy, 2019 <sup>45</sup>						Х				
Donley, 2017 <sup>46</sup>			Χ							
Duke, 2012 <sup>47</sup>		Х								
Dunt, 2005 <sup>48</sup>						Х				
Dunt, 2006 <sup>49</sup>						Х				
Dunt, 2007 <sup>50</sup>						Х				
Eastwood, 2015 <sup>51</sup>			Х							
Eastwood, 2017 <sup>52</sup>			Х							



	Exclusion Reason									
Study	Not OECD	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcomes	Design				
Ebert, 2019 <sup>53</sup>			Х							
Ekeland, 2018 <sup>54</sup>						Χ				
Elliott, 2015 <sup>55</sup>				Х						
Eminovic, 2004 <sup>56</sup>			Х							
Evens, 1985 <sup>57</sup>		Х								
Flynn, 1998 <sup>58</sup>				Х						
Foster, 2019 <sup>59</sup>		Х								
Foster, 2001 <sup>60</sup>			Х							
Gallagher, 1998 <sup>61</sup>					Х					
Giesen, 2006 <sup>62</sup>			Х							
Giesen, 2005 <sup>63</sup>						Х				
Giesen, 2011 <sup>64</sup>						Х				
Gillespie, 2016 <sup>65</sup>			Х							
Glynn, 2004 <sup>66</sup>				Х						
Goodyear-Smith, 2005 <sup>67</sup>			Х							
Gould, 2009 <sup>68</sup>			Х							
Gray, 2012 <sup>69</sup>		Х								
Greenhalgh, 2018 <sup>70</sup>						Х				
Greenwald, 2019 <sup>71</sup>				Х						
Grol, 2006 <sup>72</sup>						Х				
Grove, 2019 <sup>73</sup>			Х							
Halter, 2007 <sup>74</sup>				Х						
Handy, 2005 <sup>75</sup>			Х							
Hansen, 2011 <sup>76</sup>		Х								
Hansen, 2011 <sup>77</sup>						Х				
Hansen, 2008 <sup>78</sup>					X					
Heidet, 2019 <sup>79</sup>					Χ					



	Exclusion Reason						
Study	Not OECD	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcomes	Design	
Heravian, 201880						Х	
Hertzog, 2019 <sup>81</sup>			Х				
Holt, 2016 <sup>82</sup>			Х				
Howard, 2007 <sup>83</sup>			Х				
Howell, 201684						Х	
Hsu, 2010 <sup>85</sup>	Х						
Huibers, 2012 <sup>86</sup>				Х			
Huibers, 2013 <sup>87</sup>			Χ				
Huibers, 2014 <sup>88</sup>			Х				
Huibers, 201189			Х				
Huilgol, 2019 <sup>90</sup>			Х				
Hulland, 1999 <sup>91</sup>		Х					
Infinger, 2013 <sup>92</sup>				Х			
Jansen, 2019 <sup>93</sup>					Х		
Jerant, 2005 <sup>94</sup>						Х	
Jiwa, 2002 <sup>95</sup>			X				
Jongeling, 2009 <sup>96</sup>			Х				
Kahn, 2016 <sup>97</sup>						Х	
Keatinge, 2005 <sup>98</sup>		Х					
Keizer, 2016 <sup>99</sup>						Х	
Kelly, 2010 <sup>100</sup>			Χ				
Killip, 2007 <sup>101</sup>						Х	
Kinnersley, 2010 <sup>102</sup>					X		
Klaassen, 2016 <sup>103</sup>		Χ					
Kleinknecht-Dolf, 2015 <sup>104</sup>		Χ					
Knight, 2010 <sup>105</sup>						Х	
Krumperman, 2015 <sup>106</sup>			Х				



Study	Exclusion Reason						
	Not OECD	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcomes	Design	
Kumar, 2006 <sup>107</sup>			Х				
Lambert, 2016 <sup>108</sup>		Х					
Landrey, 2018 <sup>109</sup>			Х				
Langabeer, 2016 <sup>110</sup>			Х				
Langabeer, 2017 <sup>111</sup>			Х				
Lattimer, 2000 <sup>112</sup>					X		
Lattimer, 2005 <sup>113</sup>			X				
LaVela, 2013 <sup>114</sup>			Х				
Leask, 2019 <sup>115</sup>			Х				
Lee, 2019 <sup>116</sup>			Х				
Lee, 2003 <sup>117</sup>		Χ					
Lee, 2002 <sup>118</sup>		X					
Lessard, 2000 <sup>119</sup>		X					
Mann, 2002 <sup>120</sup>						Х	
Manojlovich, 2015 <sup>121</sup>						Х	
Martinez, 2018 <sup>122</sup>			Х				
Matar, 2015 <sup>123</sup>		Х					
McAfee, 2020 <sup>124</sup>	Х						
McConnochie, 2006 <sup>125</sup>		X					
McDonnell, 2007 <sup>126</sup>				Χ			
McKinstry, 2002 <sup>127</sup>			Χ				
McKinstry, 2002 <sup>128</sup>	Х						
McKinstry, 2009 <sup>129</sup>						Х	
McLean, 2019 <sup>130</sup>			Χ				
Mendenhall, 2018 <sup>131</sup>			Χ				
Meng, 2015 <sup>132</sup>			Х				
Meyer, 2020 <sup>133</sup>			Х				



	Exclusion Reason						
Study	Not OECD	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcomes	Design	
Miller, 2019 <sup>134</sup>						Х	
Mira, 1995 <sup>135</sup>			Х				
Mohammed, 2012 <sup>136</sup>					Х		
Montalto, 1998 <sup>137</sup>		Х					
Moreno, 1989 <sup>138</sup>			Х				
Morimura, 2011 <sup>139</sup>						Х	
Mukamel, 2019 <sup>140</sup>		Х					
Mulcahy, 2017 <sup>141</sup>				Х			
Munro, 2000 <sup>142</sup>			Х				
Munroe, 1982 <sup>143</sup>			Х				
Murdoch, 2015 <sup>144</sup>						Χ	
Navratil-Strawn, 2014 <sup>145</sup>			Х				
Neimanis, 2009 <sup>146</sup>			Х				
Nord, 2019 <sup>147</sup>				Х			
Noroxe, 2017 <sup>148</sup>					Х		
North, 2010 <sup>149</sup>			Х				
North, 2011 <sup>150</sup>						Х	
O'Cathain, 2007 <sup>151</sup>			Х				
O'Cathain, 2014 <sup>152</sup>					Х		
Palen, 2012 <sup>153</sup>			Х				
Pallawala, 2001 <sup>154</sup>	X						
Pathipati, 2016 <sup>155</sup>			Х				
Payne, 2001 <sup>156</sup>		Х					
Perry, 1990 <sup>157</sup>			Х				
Philips, 2015 <sup>158</sup>			Х				
Player, 2018 <sup>159</sup>				X			
Pope, 2017 <sup>160</sup>						Х	



	Exclusion Reason						
Study	Not OECD	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcomes	Design	
Rahmqvist, 2011 <sup>161</sup>						Х	
Rastogi, 2019 <sup>162</sup>			Х				
Ray, 2019 <sup>163</sup>		Х					
Reitz, 2007 <sup>164</sup>						Χ	
Richards, 2004 <sup>165</sup>			Х				
Richards, 2004 <sup>166</sup>						Χ	
Richards, 2002 <sup>167</sup>			Х				
Richards, 2007 <sup>168</sup>				Х			
Ricke, 1995 <sup>169</sup>		Х					
Ritter, 2010 <sup>170</sup>				Х			
Rogove, 2012 <sup>171</sup>					Х		
Roivainen, 2020 <sup>172</sup>					X		
Rudin, 2019 <sup>173</sup>			Χ				
Sabin, 1998 <sup>174</sup>						Х	
Sandvik, 2010 <sup>175</sup>		Х					
Schlachta, 2016 <sup>176</sup>	Х						
Schmid, 2017 <sup>177</sup>			Х				
Scott-Jones, 2008 <sup>178</sup>				Х			
Shah, 2013 <sup>179</sup>					X		
Simpson, 2000 <sup>180</sup>		Х					
Smith, 2001 <sup>181</sup>				Х			
Smits, 2019 <sup>182</sup>			Х				
Smits, 2016 <sup>183</sup>			Х				
Smits, 2018 <sup>184</sup>					X		
Stoves, 2010 <sup>185</sup>			Х				
Stuart, 2000 <sup>186</sup>			Х				
Studnek, 2012 <sup>187</sup>			Х				



Study	Exclusion Reason						
	Not OECD	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcomes	Design	
Thilsted, 2018 <sup>188</sup>					Х		
Turnbull, 2008 <sup>189</sup>				Х			
Uscher-Pines, 2018 <sup>190</sup>					Х		
Uscher-Pines, 2015 <sup>191</sup>	Х						
Valero, 1999 <sup>192</sup>		Х					
Van Donk, 2017 <sup>193</sup>			Х				
Van Uden, 2005 <sup>194</sup>			Х				
Varley, 2016 <sup>195</sup>					Х		
Verzantvoort, 2018 <sup>196</sup>			Х				
Walker, 2000 <sup>197</sup>	Х						
Wallace, 2008 <sup>198</sup>			Х				
Warren, 2015 <sup>199</sup>			Х				
Westall, 2015 <sup>200</sup>	Х						
Win, 2016 <sup>201</sup>						Х	
Woods, 2013 <sup>202</sup>			Х				
Wootton, 2000 <sup>203</sup>				Х			
Zinger, 2019 <sup>204</sup>			Х				



#### REFERENCES IN APPENDIX D

- 1. Adriaenssens J, Hamelink A, Bogaert PV. Predictors of occupational stress and well-being in First-Line Nurse Managers: A cross-sectional survey study. *International Journal of Nursing Studies*. 2017;73:85-92.
- 2. Akhtar M, Van Heukelom PG, Ahmed A, et al. Telemedicine Physical Examination Utilizing a Consumer Device Demonstrates Poor Concordance with In-Person Physical Examination in Emergency Department Patients with Sore Throat: A Prospective Blinded Study. *Telemedicine Journal & E-Health*. 2018;24(10):790-796.
- 3. Albert SM, Agimi Y, Martich GD. Interest in mental health care among patients making eVisits. *American Journal of Managed Care*. 2015;21(12):867-872.
- 4. Allan JL, Johnston DW, Powell DJH, et al. Clinical decisions and time since rest break: An analysis of decision fatigue in nurses. *Health Psychology*. 2019;38(4):318-324.
- 5. Allen-Davis JT, Parker R, McGregor J, Beck A, McClatchey MW. Assessment of vulvovaginal complaints: agreement between phone and office management. *Primary Care Update for Ob/Gyns.* 1998;5(4):152.
- 6. Amarenco P, Nadjar M. Telemedicine for improving emergent management of acute cerebrovascular syndromes. *International Journal of Stroke.* 2007;2(1):47-50.
- 7. Anderson E, Rãtsep M, Panov L, et al. Main causes of using primary care services and distribution of work between family doctor and family nurse in 2017. *Eesti Arst.* 2019;98(9):495-503.
- 8. Anonymous. Nurse telephone triage in out of hours primary care: a pilot study. South Wiltshire Out of Hours Project (SWOOP) Group. *BMJ*. 1997;314(7075):198-199.
- 9. Atiyeh B, Dibo SA, Janom HH. Telemedicine and burns: an overview. *Annals of Burns & Fire Disasters*. 2014;27(2):87-93.
- 10. Balas EA, Jaffrey F, Kuperman GJ, et al. Electronic communication with patients. Evaluation of distance medicine technology. *JAMA*. 1997;278(2):152-159.
- 11. Ball GE. Out-of-hours emergency dental services in Scotland--a national model. *British Dental Journal*. 2008;205(9):485-487.
- 12. Beard M, Orlando JF, Kumar S. Overcoming the tyranny of distance: An audit of process and outcomes from a pilot telehealth spinal assessment clinic. *Journal of Telemedicine & Telecare*. 2017;23(8):733-739.
- 13. Beech B, Parry L, Valiani D. A pilot project to determine the demand for and utility of an out-of-hours psychiatric service run by on-call psychiatric nurses in an A&E department. *Journal of Psychiatric & Mental Health Nursing (Wiley-Blackwell)*. 2000;7(6):547-553.

H4 4 >

- 14. Benger JR, Noble SM, Coast J, Kendall JM. The safety and effectiveness of minor injuries telemedicine. *Emerg Med J.* 2004;21(4):438-445.
- 15. Bhandari N, Shi Y, Jung K. Seeking health information online: does limited healthcare access matter? *Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association*. 2014;21(6):1113-1117.
- 16. Bjerring OS, Fristrup C, Mortensen MB. Telephone hotline is an important part of overall patient management in upper gastrointestinal malignancies. *Danish Medical Journal*. 2012;59(8):A4487.
- 17. Bladin CF, Moloczij N, Ermel S, et al. Victorian Stroke Telemedicine Project: implementation of a new model of translational stroke care for Australia. *Internal Medicine Journal*. 2015;45(9):951-956.
- 18. Blank L, Coster J, O'Cathain A, et al. The appropriateness of, and compliance with, telephone triage decisions: a systematic review and narrative synthesis. *Journal of Advanced Nursing (John Wiley & Sons, Inc.).* 2012;68(12):2610-2621.
- 19. Bolli S, Melle GV, Laubscher B. After-hours paediatric telephone triage and advice: the Neuchatel experience. *European Journal of Pediatrics*. 2005;164(9):568-572.
- 20. Brogan C, Pickard D, Gray A, Fairman S, Hill A. The use of out of hours health services: a cross sectional survey. *BMJ*. 1998;316(7130):524-527.
- 21. Brunett PH, DiPiero A, Flores C, Choi D, Kum H, Girard DE. Use of a voice and video internet technology as an alternative to in-person urgent care clinic visits. *Journal of Telemedicine & Telecare*. 2015;21(4):219-226.
- 22. Brunetti ND, De Gennaro L, Dellegrottaglie G, Procacci V, Di Biase M. Fast and furious: Telecardiology in acute myocardial infarction triage in the emergency room setting. *European Research in Telemedicine*. 2013;2(2):75-78.
- 23. Brunner J, Chuang E, Washington DL, et al. Patient-Rated Access to Needed Care: Patient-Centered Medical Home Principles Intertwined. *Womens Health Issues*. 2018;28(2):165-171.
- 24. Buja A, Toffanin R, Rigon S, et al. Out-of-hours primary care services: demands and patient referral patterns in a Veneto region (Italy) Local Health Authority. *Health Policy*. 2015;119(4):437-446.
- 25. Bunn F, Byrne G, Kendall S. The effects of telephone consultation and triage on healthcare use and patient satisfaction: a systematic review. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2005;55(521):956-961.
- 26. Bury G. General practice out-of-hours co-operatives Population contact rates. *Irish Medical Journal*. 2006;99(3).



- 27. Calitri R, Warren FC, Wheeler B, et al. Distance from practice moderates the relationship between patient management involving nurse telephone triage consulting and patient satisfaction with care. *Health & Place*. 2015;34:92-96.
- 28. Campbell JL, Britten N, Green C, et al. The effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of telephone triage of patients requesting same day consultations in general practice: study protocol for a cluster randomised controlled trial comparing nurse-led and GP-led management systems (ESTEEM). *Trials [Electronic Resource]*. 2013;14:4.
- 29. Campbell JL, Fletcher E, Britten N, et al. The clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of telephone triage for managing same-day consultation requests in general practice: a cluster randomised controlled trial comparing general practitioner-led and nurse-led management systems with usual care (the ESTEEM trial). *Health Technology Assessment (Winchester, England)*. 2015;19(13):1-212, vii-viii.
- 30. Campbell J, Roland M, Richards S, Dickens A, Greco M, Bower P. Users' reports and evaluations of out-of-hours health care and the UK national quality requirements: a cross sectional study. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2009;59(558):e8-15.
- 31. Cherry A, Friel R, Dowden B, et al. Managing demand: telephone triage in acute maternity services. *British Journal of Midwifery*. 2009;17(8):496-500.
- 32. Chess D, Whitman JJ, Croll D, Stefanacci R. Impact of after-hours telemedicine on hospitalizations in a skilled nursing facility. *American Journal of Managed Care*. 2018;24(8):385-388.
- 33. Cheung L, Leung TI, Ding VY, et al. Healthcare Service Utilization under a New Virtual Primary Care Delivery Model. *Telemedicine Journal & E-Health*. 2019;25(7):551-559.
- 34. Cook EJ, Randhawa G, Guppy A, Large S. A study of urgent and emergency referrals from NHS Direct within England. *BMJ Open*. 2015;5(5).
- 35. Cook R, Thakore S, Morrison W, Meikle J. To ED or not to ED: NHS 24 referrals to the emergency department. *Emergency Medicine Journal*. 2010;27(3):213-215.
- 36. Cooper D, Arnold E, Smith G, et al. The effect of deprivation, age and sex on NHS Direct call rates. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2005;55(513):287-291.
- 37. Costa G, Cabral O, Santana E, Lima G, Figueiredo I. Mobile emergency care service: A time-course assessment and characterization of demand. *International Emergency Nursing*. 2018;41:45-50.
- 38. Custer M, O'Rourke KM, Roddy M, King R, Sprinkle L, Horne E. The impact of a nursing triage line on the use of emergency department services in a military hospital. *Military Medicine*. 2003;168(12):981-985.
- 39. Dahlgren K, Holzmann MJ, Carlsson AC, Wandell P, Hasselstrom J, Ruge T. The use of a Swedish telephone medical advice service by the elderly a population-based study. *Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care*. 2017;35(1):98-104.



- 40. Dale J, Crouch R, Lloyd D. Primary care: nurse-led telephone triage and advice out-of-hours. *Nursing Standard*. 1998;12(47):41-45.
- 41. Dale J, Williams S, Crouch R, Patel A. A study of out-of-hours telephone advice from an A&E department. *British Journal of Nursing*. 1997;6(3):171-174.
- 42. Davis CB, Marzec LN, Blea Z, et al. Antibiotic Prescribing Patterns for Sinusitis Within a Direct-to-Consumer Virtual Urgent Care. *Telemedicine Journal & E-Health*. 2019;25(6):519-522.
- 43. Derkx HP, Rethans JJ, Muijtjens AM, et al. Quality of clinical aspects of call handling at Dutch out of hours centres: cross sectional national study. *BMJ*. 2008;337:a1264.
- 44. Dhruva VN, Abdelhadi SI, Anis A, et al. ST-Segment Analysis Using Wireless Technology in Acute Myocardial Infarction (STAT-MI) Trial. *Journal of the American College of Cardiology*. 2007;50(6):509-513.
- 45. Donaghy E, Atherton H, Hammersley V, et al. Acceptability, benefits, and challenges of video consulting: a qualitative study in primary care. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2019;69(686):e586-e594.
- 46. Donley E, McClaren A, Jones R, Katz P, Goh J. Evaluation and Implementation of a Telepsychiatry Trial in the Emergency Department of a Metropolitan Public Hospital. *Journal of Technology in Human Services*. 2017;35(4):292-313.
- 47. Duke M, Botti M, Hunter S. Effectiveness of pain management in hospital in the home programs. *Clinical Journal of Pain*. 2012;28(3):187-194.
- 48. Dunt D, Day SE, Kelaher M, Montalto M. Impact of standalone and embedded telephone triage systems on after hours primary medical care service utilisation and mix in Australia. *Australia & New Zealand Health Policy*. 2005;2:30.
- 49. Dunt D, Day SE, Kelaher M, Montalto M. The impact of standalone call centres and GP cooperatives on access to after hours GP care: a before and after study adjusted for secular trend. *Family Practice*. 2006;23(4):453-460.
- 50. Dunt D, Wilson R, Day SE, Kelaher M, Gurrin L. Impact of telephone triage on emergency after hours GP Medicare usage: a time-series analysis. *Australia & New Zealand Health Policy*. 2007;4:21.
- 51. Eastwood K, Morgans A, Smith K, Stoelwinder J. Secondary triage in prehospital emergency ambulance services: a systematic review. *Emergency Medicine Journal*. 2015;32(6):486-492.
- 52. Eastwood K, Smith K, Morgans A, Stoelwinder J. Appropriateness of cases presenting in the emergency department following ambulance service secondary telephone triage: a retrospective cohort study. *BMJ Open.* 2017;7(10):e016845.



- 53. Ebert JF, Huibers L, Christensen B, Lippert FK, Christensen MB. Do callers to out-of-hours care misuse an option to jump the phone queue? *Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care*. 2019;37(2):207-217.
- 54. Ekeland AG, Hansen AH, Bergmo TS. Clinical Videoconferencing as eHealth: A Critical-Realist Review and Qualitative Meta-Synthesis. *Journal of Medical Internet Research*. 2018;20(10):50-50.
- 55. Elliott AM, McAteer A, Heaney D, Ritchie LD, Hannaford PC. Examining the role of Scotland's telephone advice service (NHS 24) for managing health in the community: analysis of routinely collected NHS 24 data. *BMJ Open.* 2015;5(8):e007293.
- 56. Eminovic N, Wyatt JC, Tarpey AM, Murray G, Ingrams GJ. First evaluation of the NHS direct online clinical enquiry service: a nurse-led web chat triage service for the public. *Journal of Medical Internet Research.* 2004;6(2):e17.
- 57. Evens S, Curtis P, Talbot A, Baer C, Smart A. Characteristics and perceptions of afterhours callers. *Family Practice*. 1985;2(1):10-16.
- 58. Flynn DM. Telephone triage as a strategy to ensure 24-hour access to medical care after the closure of supporting medical activity. *Military Medicine*. 1998;163(10):702-706.
- 59. Foster CB, Martinez KA, Sabella C, Weaver GP, Rothberg MB. Patient Satisfaction and Antibiotic Prescribing for Respiratory Infections by Telemedicine. *Pediatrics*. 2019;144(3):09.
- 60. Foster J, Dale J, Jessopp L. A qualitative study of older people's views of out-of-hours services. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2001;51(470):719-723.
- 61. Gallagher M, Huddart T, Henderson B. Telephone triage of acute illness by a practice nurse in general practice: outcomes of care. *British Journal of General Practice*. 1998;48(429):1141-1145.
- 62. Giesen P, Franssen E, Mokkink H, van den Bosch W, van Vugt A, Grol R. Patients either contacting a general practice cooperative or accident and emergency department out of hours: a comparison. *Emergency Medicine Journal*. 2006;23(9):731-734.
- 63. Giesen P, Mokkink H, Ophey G, Drijver R, Grol R, Van Den Bosch W. How urgent is the presented morbidity at the out of hours primary care center? *Huisarts en Wetenschap*. 2005;48(5):207-210.
- 64. Giesen P, Smits M, Huibers L, Grol R, Wensing M. Quality of after-hours primary care in the Netherlands: a narrative review. *Annals of Internal Medicine*. 2011;155(2):108-113.
- 65. Gillespie SM, Shah MN, Wasserman EB, et al. Reducing Emergency Department Utilization Through Engagement in Telemedicine by Senior Living Communities. *Telemedicine journal and e-health: the official journal of the American Telemedicine Association.* 2016;22(6):489-496.



- 66. Glynn LG, Byrne M, Newell J, Murphy AW. The effect of health status on patients' satisfaction with out-of-hours care provided by a family doctor co-operative. *Family Practice*. 2004;21(6):677-683.
- 67. Goodyear-Smith F, Wearn A, Everts H, Huggard P, Halliwell J. Pandora's electronic box: GPs reflect upon email communication with their patients. *Informatics in Primary Care*. 2005;13(3):195-202.
- 68. Gould ON, West S, Mancuso M. The perceived functions of alternative primary care options among adults in eastern Canada. *Hospital Topics*. 2009;87(4):1-7.
- 69. Gray L, Dakin L, Counsell S, Edwards H, Wootton R, Martin-Khan M. 'Online' geriatric assessment procedure for older adults referred for geriatric assessment during an acute care episode for consideration of reliability of triage decisions. *BMC Geriatrics*. 2012;12:10.
- 70. Greenhalgh T, Shaw S, Wherton J, et al. Real-World Implementation of Video Outpatient Consultations at Macro, Meso, and Micro Levels: Mixed-Method Study. *Journal of Medical Internet Research*. 2018;20(4):e150.
- 71. Greenwald PW, Stern M, Clark S, et al. A Novel Emergency Department-Based Telemedicine Program: How Do Older Patients Fare? *Telemedicine Journal & E-Health*. 2019;25(10):966-972.
- 72. Grol R, Giesen P, van Uden C. UpDate: international report. After-hours care in the United Kingdom, Denmark, and the Netherlands: new models: integrating telephone consultations, triaging, and physician visits or house calls offers a promising model for after-hours care. *Health Affairs*. 2006;25(6):1733-1737.
- 73. Grove BE, Ivarsen P, de Thurah A, Schougaard LM, Kyte D, Hjollund NH. Remote follow-up using patient-reported outcome measures in patients with chronic kidney disease: the PROKID study study protocol for a non-inferiority pragmatic randomised controlled trial. *BMC Health Services Research*. 2019;19(1):631.
- 74. Halter M, Marlow T, Mohammed D, Ellison GTH. A patient survey of out-of-hours care provided by Emergency Care Practitioners. *BMC Emergency Medicine*. 2007;7.
- 75. Handy P, Pattman R. Triage up front. Sexually Transmitted Infections. 2005;81(1):59-62.
- 76. Hansen EH, Hunskaar S. Understanding of and adherence to advice after telephone counselling by nurse: a survey among callers to a primary emergency out-of-hours service in Norway. *Scandinavian Journal of Trauma, Resuscitation & Emergency Medicine*. 2011;19:48.
- 77. Hansen EH, Hunskaar S. Telephone triage by nurses in primary care out-of-hours services in Norway: an evaluation study based on written case scenarios. *BMJ Quality & Safety*. 2011;20(5):390-396.
- 78. Hansen EH, Hunskaar S. Development, implementation, and pilot study of a sentinel network ("The Watchtowers") for monitoring emergency primary health care activity in Norway. *BMC Health Services Research*. 2008;8:62.



- 79. Heidet M, Canoui-Poitrine F, Revaux F, et al. Factors affecting medical file documentation during telephone triage at an emergency call centre: a cross-sectional study of out-of-hours home visits by general practitioners in France. *BMC Health Services Research*. 2019;19(1):531.
- 80. Heravian A, Chang BP. Mental health and telemedicine in the acute care setting: Applications of telepsychiatry in the ED. *American Journal of Emergency Medicine*. 2018;36(6):1118-1119.
- 81. Hertzog R, Johnson J, Smith J, et al. Diagnostic Accuracy in Primary Care E-Visits: Evaluation of a Large Integrated Health Care Delivery System's Experience. *Mayo Clinic Proceedings*. 2019;94(6):976-984.
- 82. Holt TA, Fletcher E, Warren F, et al. Telephone triage systems in UK general practice: analysis of consultation duration during the index day in a pragmatic randomised controlled trial. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2016;66(644):e214-218.
- 83. Howard M, Goertzen J, Hutchison B, Kaczorowski J, Morris K. Patient satisfaction with care for urgent health problems: a survey of family practice patients. *Annals of Family Medicine*. 2007;5(5):419-424.
- 84. Howell T. ED Utilization by Uninsured and Medicaid Patients after Availability of Telephone Triage. *Journal of Emergency Nursing*. 2016;42(2):120-124.
- 85. Hsu MH, Chu TB, Yen JC, et al. Development and implementation of a national telehealth project for long-term care: a preliminary study. *Computer Methods & Programs in Biomedicine*. 2010;97(3):286-292.
- 86. Huibers L, Keizer E, Giesen P, Grol R, Wensing M. Nurse telephone triage: good quality associated with appropriate decisions. *Family Practice*. 2012;29(5):547-552.
- 87. Huibers L, Koetsenruijter J, Grol R, Giesen P, Wensing M. Follow-up after telephone consultations at out-of-hours primary care. *Journal of the American Board of Family Medicine: JABFM.* 2013;26(4):373-379.
- 88. Huibers L, Moth G, Christensen MB, Vedsted P. Antibiotic prescribing patterns in out-of-hours primary care: a population-based descriptive study. *Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care*. 2014;32(4):200-207.
- 89. Huibers L, Smits M, Renaud V, Giesen P, Wensing M. Safety of telephone triage in out-of-hours care: a systematic review. *Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care*. 2011;29(4):198-209.
- 90. Huilgol YS, Miron-Shatz T, Joshi AU, Hollander JE. Hospital Telehealth Adoption Increased in 2014 and 2015 and Was Influenced by Population, Hospital, and Policy Characteristics. *Telemedicine journal and e-health: the official journal of the American Telemedicine Association*, 2019.



- 91. Hulland J, Avery AJ, Groom L, Boot D. Use of primary health care and accident and emergency (emergency department) services for children under 5 years outside normal office hours. *Ambulatory Child Health*. 1999;5(4):323-330.
- 92. Infinger A, Studnek JR, Hawkins E, Bagwell B, Swanson D. Implementation of prehospital dispatch protocols that triage low-acuity patients to advice-line nurses. *Prehospital Emergency Care*. 2013;17(4):481-485.
- 93. Jansen T, Verheij RA, Schellevis FG, Kunst AE. Use of out-of-hours primary care in affluent and deprived neighbourhoods during reforms in long-term care: an observational study from 2013 to 2016. *BMJ Open.* 2019;9(3):e026426.
- 94. Jerant AF, Nesbitt TS. Heart failure disease management incorporating telemedicine: A critical review. *Journal of Clinical Outcomes Management*. 2005;12(4):207-217.
- 95. Jiwa M, Mathers N, Campbell M. The effect of GP telephone triage on numbers seeking same-day appointments. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2002;52(478):390-391.
- 96. Jongeling S, Chen MY, Bush MR, Bradshaw CS, Fairley CK. Risk profile of walk-in triage compared with an appointment-based phone-triage evening clinic. *International Journal of STD & AIDS*. 2009;20(2):135-137.
- 97. Kahn EN, La Marca F, Mazzola CA. Neurosurgery and Telemedicine in the United States: Assessment of the Risks and Opportunities. *World Neurosurgery*. 2016;89:133-138.
- 98. Keatinge D, Rawlings K. Outcomes of a nurse-led telephone triage service in Australia. *International Journal of Nursing Practice (Wiley-Blackwell)*. 2005;11(1):5-12.
- 99. Keizer E, Maassen I, Smits M, Wensing M, Giesen P. Reducing the use of out-of-hours primary care services: A survey among Dutch general practitioners. *European Journal of General Practice*. 2016;22(3):189-195.
- 100. Kelly M, Egbunike JN, Kinnersley P, et al. Delays in response and triage times reduce patient satisfaction and enablement after using out-of-hours services. *Family Practice*. 2010;27(6):652-663.
- 101. Killip S, Ireson CL, Love MM, Fleming ST, Katirai W, Sandford K. Patient safety in after-hours telephone medicine. *Fam Med.* 2007;39(6):404-409.
- 102. Kinnersley P, Egbunike JN, Kelly M, et al. The need to improve the interface between inhours and out-of-hours GP care, and between out-of-hours care and self-care. *Family Practice*. 2010;27(6):664-672.
- 103. Klaassen B, van Beijnum BJF, Hermens HJ. Usability in telemedicine systems-A literature survey. *International Journal of Medical Informatics*. 2016;93:57-69.
- 104. Kleinknecht-Dolf M, Frei IA, Spichiger E, Muller M, Martin JS, Spirig R. Moral distress in nurses at an acute care hospital in Switzerland: results of a pilot study. *Nursing Ethics*. 2015;22(1):77-90.



- 105. Knight K, Endacott R, Kenny A. Ambiguous and arbitrary: The role of telephone interactions in rural health service delivery. *Australian Journal of Primary Health*. 2010;16(2):126-131.
- 106. Krumperman K, Weiss S, Fullerton L. Two Types of Prehospital Systems Interventions that Triage Low-Acuity Patients to Alternative Sites of Care. *Southern Medical Journal*. 2015;108(7):381-386.
- 107. Kumar S, Yogesan K, Hudson B, Tay-Kearney ML, Constable IJ. Emergency eye care in rural Australia: Role of internet. *Eye.* 2006;20(12):1342-1344.
- 108. Lambert D, Gale J, Hartley D, Croll Z, Hansen A. Understanding the Business Case for Telemental Health in Rural Communities. *Journal of Behavioral Health Services & Research*. 2016;43(3):366-379.
- 109. Landrey AR, Harder VS, Sandoval MB, King JG, Ziegelman DS, MacLean CD. Utilization Outcomes of a Pilot Primary Care Team Redesign. *Health Services Research & Managerial Epidemiology*. 2018;5:2333392818789844.
- 110. Langabeer JR, 2nd, Gonzalez M, Alqusairi D, et al. Telehealth-Enabled Emergency Medical Services Program Reduces Ambulance Transport to Urban Emergency Departments. *The Western Journal of Emergency Medicine*. 2016;17(6):713-720.
- 111. Langabeer JR, Champagne-Langabeer T, Alqusairi D, et al. Cost-benefit analysis of telehealth in pre-hospital care. *Journal of telemedicine and telecare*. 2017;23(8):747-751.
- 112. Lattimer V, Sassi F, George S, et al. Cost analysis of nurse telephone consultation in out of hours primary care: evidence from a randomised controlled trial. *BMJ*. 2000;320(7241):1053-1057.
- 113. Lattimer V, Turnbull J, Burgess A, et al. Effect of introduction of integrated out of hours care in England: observational study. *BMJ*. 2005;331(7508):81-84.
- 114. LaVela SL, Gering J, Schectman G, Locatelli SM, Weaver FM, Davies M. Improving the quality of telephone-delivered health care: a national quality improvement transformation initiative. *Family Practice*. 2013;30(5):533-540.
- 115. Leask CF, Tennant H. Evaluation of an unscheduled care model delivered by advanced nurse practitioners in a primary-care setting. *Journal of Research in Nursing*. 2019;24(8):696-709.
- 116. Lee HY, Kim JY, Na KY, et al. The role of telehealth counselling with mobile self-monitoring on blood pressure reduction among overseas Koreans with high blood pressure in Vietnam. *Journal of Telemedicine & Telecare*. 2019;25(4):241-248.
- 117. Lee TJ, Baraff LJ, Guzy J, Johnson D, Woo H. Does telephone triage delay significant medical treatment?: Advice nurse service vs on-call pediatricians. *Archives of Pediatrics & Adolescent Medicine*. 2003;157(7):635-641.



- 118. Lee TJ, Guzy J, Johnson D, Woo H, Baraff LJ. Caller satisfaction with after-hours telephone advice: nurse advice service versus on-call pediatricians. *Pediatrics*. 2002;110(5):865-872.
- 119. Lessard JA, Knox R. Telehealth in a rural school-based health center. *Journal of School Nursing*. 2000;16(2):38-41.
- 120. Mann T, Colven R. A picture is worth more than a thousand words: enhancement of a pre-exam telephone consultation in dermatology with digital images. *Academic Medicine*. 2002;77(7):742-743.
- 121. Manojlovich M, Adler-Milstein J, Harrod M, et al. The Effect of Health Information Technology on Health Care Provider Communication: A Mixed-Method Protocol. *JMIR Research Protocols*. 2015;4(2):e72.
- 122. Martinez KA, Rood M, Jhangiani N, Kou L, Boissy A, Rothberg MB. Association between Antibiotic Prescribing for Respiratory Tract Infections and Patient Satisfaction in Direct-to-Consumer Telemedicine. *JAMA Internal Medicine*. 2018;178(11):1558-1560.
- 123. Matar R, Renapurkar R, Obuchowski N, Menon V, Piraino D, Schoenhagen P. Utility of hand-held devices in diagnosis and triage of cardiovascular emergencies. Observations during implementation of a PACS-based system in an acute aortic syndrome (AAS) network. *Journal of cardiovascular computed tomography*. 2015;9(6):524-533.
- 124. McAfee JL, Vij A, Warren CB. Store-and-forward teledermatology improves care and reduces dermatology referrals from walk-in clinics: A retrospective descriptive study. *Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology.* 2020;82(2):499-501.
- 125. McConnochie KM, Conners GP, Brayer AF, et al. Differences in Diagnosis and Treatment Using Telemedicine Versus In-Person Evaluation of Acute Illness. *Ambulatory Pediatrics*. 2006;6(4):187-195.
- 126. McDonnell A, Esmonde L, Morgan R, et al. The provision of critical care outreach services in England: findings from a national survey. *Journal of Critical Care*. 2007;22(3):212-218.
- 127. McKinstry B, Walker J, Campbell C, Heaney D, Wyke S. Telephone consultations to manage requests for same-day appointments: a randomised controlled trial in two practices. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2002;52(477):306-310.
- 128. McKinstry B, Walker J, Campbell C, Heaney D, Wyke S, Wallace P. Telephone consultations may be useful for people who request same-day appointments, but do not reduce workload. *Evidence-Based Healthcare*. 2002;6(4):154-155.
- 129. McKinstry B, Watson P, Pinnock H, Heaney D, Sheikh A. Telephone consulting in primary care: a triangulated qualitative study of patients and providers. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2009;59(563):e209-218.



- 130. McLean KA, Mountain KE, Shaw CA, et al. Can a smartphone-delivered tool facilitate the assessment of surgical site infection and result in earlier treatment? Tracking wound infection with smartphone technology (TWIST): protocol for a randomised controlled trial in emergency surgery patients. *BMJ Open.* 2019;9(10):e029620.
- 131. Mendenhall MA, Dyehouse K, Hayes J, et al. Practice transformation: Early impact of the oncology care model on hospital admissions. *Journal of Oncology Practice*. 2018;14(12):E739-E745.
- 132. Meng D, Palen TE, Tsai J, McLeod M, Garrido T, Qian H. Association between secure patient-clinician email and clinical services utilisation in a US integrated health system: a retrospective cohort study. *BMJ Open.* 2015;5(11):e009557.
- 133. Meyer AND, Giardina TD, Spitzmueller C, Shahid U, Scott TMT, Singh H. Patient Perspectives on the Usefulness of an Artificial Intelligence-Assisted Symptom Checker: Cross-Sectional Survey Study. *Journal of Medical Internet Research*. 2020;22(1):e14679.
- 134. Miller D, Loftus AM, O'Boyle PJ, et al. Impact of a telephone-first consultation system in general practice. *Postgraduate Medical Journal*. 2019;95(1129):590-595.
- 135. Mira M, Cooper C, Maandag A. Contrasts between metropolitan and rural general practice in the delivery of after-hours care. *Australian Family Physician*. 1995;24(6):1064-1067.
- 136. Mohammed MA, Clements G, Edwards E, Lester H. Factors which influence the length of an out-of-hours telephone consultation in primary care: a retrospective database study. *BMC Health Services Research.* 2012;12:430.
- 137. Montalto M. How safe is hospital-in-the-home care? *Medical Journal of Australia*. 1998;168(6):277-280.
- 138. Moreno CA. Utilization of medical services by single-parent and two-parent families. *Journal of Family Practice*. 1989;28(2):194-199.
- 139. Morimura N, Aruga T, Sakamoto T, et al. The impact of an emergency telephone consultation service on the use of ambulances in Tokyo. *Emergency Medicine Journal*. 2011;28(1):64-70.
- 140. Mukamel DB, Ladd H, Amin A, Sorkin DH. Patients' preferences over care settings for minor illnesses and injuries. *Health Services Research.* 2019;54(4):827-838.
- 141. Mulcahy D, O'Callaghan C, Hannigan A. Nurse Triage in an Irish Out-of-hours General Practice Co-Operative. *Irish Medical Journal*. 2017;110(3):530.
- 142. Munro J, Nicholl J, O'Cathain A, Knowles E. Impact of NHS direct on demand for immediate care: observational study. *BMJ*. 2000;321(7254):150-153.
- 143. Munroe D, Natale P. After-hours call in a primary care nursing practice. *Nurse Practitioner*. 1982;7(5):24-27.



- 144. Murdoch J, Varley A, Fletcher E, et al. Implementing telephone triage in general practice: a process evaluation of a cluster randomised controlled trial. *BMC Family Practice*. 2015;16:47.
- 145. Navratil-Strawn JL, Ozminkowski RJ, Hartley SK. An economic analysis of a nurse-led telephone triage service. *Journal of Telemedicine & Telecare*. 2014;20(6):330-338.
- 146. Neimanis I, Kaczorowski J, Howard M. After-hours services in capitation-funded primary care practice: use and satisfaction. *Canadian Family Physician*. 2009;55(10):1008-1009.e1001-1006.
- 147. Nord G, Rising KL, Band RA, Carr BG, Hollander JE. On-demand synchronous audio video telemedicine visits are cost effective. *American Journal of Emergency Medicine*. 2019;37(5):890-894.
- 148. Noroxe KB, Huibers L, Moth G, Vedsted P. Medical appropriateness of adult calls to Danish out-of-hours primary care: a questionnaire-based survey. *BMC Family Practice*. 2017;18(1):34.
- 149. North F, Varkey P, Bartel GA, Cox DL, Jensen PL, Stroebel RJ. Can an office practice telephonic response meet the needs of a pandemic? *Telemedicine Journal & E-Health*. 2010;16(10):1012-1016.
- 150. North F, Varkey P, Laing B, Cha SS, Tulledge-Scheitel S. Are e-health web users looking for different symptom information than callers to triage centers? *Telemedicine Journal & E-Health*. 2011;17(1):19-24.
- 151. O'Cathain A, Knowles E, Munro J, Nicholl J. Exploring the effect of changes to service provision on the use of unscheduled care in England: population surveys. *BMC Health Services Research*. 2007;7:61.
- 152. O'Cathain A, Knowles E, Turner J, Nicholl J. Acceptability of NHS 111 the telephone service for urgent health care: cross sectional postal survey of users' views. *Family Practice*. 2014;31(2):193-200.
- 153. Palen TE, Ross C, Powers JD, Xu S. Association of online patient access to clinicians and medical records with use of clinical services. *JAMA*. 2012;308(19):2012-2019.
- 154. Pallawala PM, Lun KC. EMR based telegeriatric system. *International Journal of Medical Informatics*. 2001;61(2-3):229-234.
- 155. Pathipati AS, Ko JM. Implementation and evaluation of Stanford Health Care direct-care teledermatology program. *SAGE Open Medicine*. 2016;4.
- 156. Payne F, Shipman C, Dale J. Patients' experiences of receiving telephone advice from a GP co-operative. *Family Practice*. 2001;18(2):156-160.
- 157. Perry JR, Caine N. General practitioners' knowledge about patients and use of medical records in out of hours calls. *British Journal of General Practice*. 1990;40(334):190-193.



- 158. Philips H, Van Bergen J, Huibers L, et al. Agreement on urgency assessment between secretaries and general practitioners: an observational study in out-of-hours general practice service in Belgium. *Acta Clinica Belgica*. 2015;70(5):309-314.
- 159. Player M, O'Bryan E, Sederstrom E, Pinckney J, Diaz V. Electronic Visits For Common Acute Conditions: Evaluation Of A Recently Established Program. *Health Affairs*. 2018;37(12):2024-2030.
- 160. Pope C, Turnbull J, Jones J, Prichard J, Rowsell A, Halford S. Has the NHS 111 urgent care telephone service been a success? Case study and secondary data analysis in England. *BMJ Open.* 2017;7(5):e014815.
- 161. Rahmqvist M, Ernesater A, Holmstrom I. Triage and patient satisfaction among callers in Swedish computer-supported telephone advice nursing. *Journal of Telemedicine & Telecare*. 2011;17(7):397-402.
- 162. Rastogi R, Martinez KA, Gupta N, Rood M, Rothberg MB. Management of Urinary Tract Infections in Direct to Consumer Telemedicine. *Journal of General Internal Medicine*. 2019;30:30.
- 163. Ray KN, Shi Z, Poon SJ, Uscher-Pines L, Mehrotra A. Use of Commercial Direct-to-Consumer Telemedicine by Children. *Academic Pediatrics*. 2019;19(6):665-669.
- 164. Reitz GF, Stalenhoef P, Heg R, Beusmans G. Telephone triage in general practice. *Huisarts en Wetenschap.* 2007;50(13):656-659.
- 165. Richards DA, Godfrey L, Tawfik J, et al. NHS Direct versus general practice based triage for same day appointments in primary care: cluster randomised controlled trial. *BMJ*. 2004;329(7469):774.
- 166. Richards DA, Meakins J, Godfrey L, Tawfik J, Dutton E. Survey of the impact of nurse telephone triage on general practitioner activity. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2004;54(500):207-210.
- 167. Richards DA, Meakins J, Tawfik J, et al. Nurse telephone triage for same day appointments in general practice: multiple interrupted time series trial of effect on workload and costs. *BMJ*. 2002;325(7374):1214.
- 168. Richards SH, Pound P, Dickens A, Greco M, Campbell JL. Exploring users' experiences of accessing out-of-hours primary medical care services. *Quality & Safety in Health Care*. 2007;16(6):469-477.
- 169. Ricke J, Kleinholz L, Hosten N, et al. Telemedicine in rural areas. Experience with medical desktop-conferencing via satellite. *Journal of Telemedicine & Telecare*. 1995;1(4):224-228.
- 170. Ritter LA, Robinette TR, Cofano J. Evaluation of a statewide telemedicine program. *Californian Journal of Health Promotion*. 2010;8(1):1-9.



- 171. Rogove HJ, McArthur D, Demaerschalk BM, Vespa PM. Barriers to telemedicine: survey of current users in acute care units. *Telemedicine Journal & E-Health*. 2012;18(1):48-53.
- 172. Roivainen P, Hoikka MJ, Raatiniemi L, Silfvast T, Ala-Kokko T, Kääriäinen M. Telephone triage performed by nurses reduces non-urgent ambulance missions: A prospective observational pilot study in Finland. *Acta Anaesthesiologica Scandinavica*. 2020.
- 173. Rudin RS, Fanta CH, Qureshi N, et al. A Clinically Integrated mHealth App and Practice Model for Collecting Patient-Reported Outcomes between Visits for Asthma Patients: Implementation and Feasibility. *Applied clinical informatics*. 2019;10(5):783-793.
- 174. Sabin M. Telephone triage improves demand management effectiveness. *hfm (Healthcare Financial Management)*. 1998;52(8):49-51.
- 175. Sandvik H, Hunskar S. [Working style among regular general practitioners and other doctors in the out-of-hours services]. *Tidsskrift for Den Norske Laegeforening*. 2010;130(2):135-138.
- 176. Schlachta C, Nguyen N, Ponsky T, Dunkin B, Schlachta CM, Nguyen NT. Project 6 Summit: SAGES telementoring initiative. *Surgical Endoscopy*. 2016;30(9):3665-3672.
- 177. Schmid A, Hils S, Kramer-Zucker A, et al. Telemedically Supported Case Management of Living-Donor Renal Transplant Recipients to Optimize Routine Evidence-Based Aftercare: A Single-Center Randomized Controlled Trial. *American Journal of Transplantation*. 2017;17(6):1594-1605.
- 178. Scott-Jones J, Lawrenson R, Maxwell N. Sharing after hours care in a rural New Zealand community--a service utilization survey. *Rural & Remote Health*. 2008;8(4):1024.
- 179. Shah MN, Gillespie SM, Wood N, et al. High-intensity telemedicine-enhanced acute care for older adults: an innovative healthcare delivery model. *Journal of the American Geriatrics Society.* 2013;61(11):2000-2007.
- 180. Simpson RG, Graham D, Martin K. Analysis of out of hours telephone consultation at the medical reception station Sennelager, British Forces Germany. *Journal of the Royal Army Medical Corps.* 2000;146(1):28-30.
- 181. Smith S, Lynch J, O'Doherty K, Bury G. Patients' views on out-of-hours care in general practice in Dublin. *Irish Journal of Medical Science*. 2001;170(3):192-194.
- 182. Smits M, Colliers A, Jansen T, Remmen R, Bartholomeeusen S, Verheij R. Examining differences in out-of-hours primary care use in Belgium and the Netherlands: a cross-sectional study. *European Journal of Public Health*. 2019;29(6):1018-1024.
- 183. Smits M, Hanssen S, Huibers L, Giesen P. Telephone triage in general practices: A written case scenario study in the Netherlands. *Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care*. 2016;34(1):28-36.



- 184. Smits M, Keizer E, Giesen P, Deilkas ECT, Hofoss D, Bondevik GT. Patient safety culture in out-of-hours primary care services in the Netherlands: a cross-sectional survey. *Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care*. 2018;36(1):28-35.
- 185. Stoves J, Connolly J, Cheung CK, et al. Electronic consultation as an alternative to hospital referral for patients with chronic kidney disease: a novel application for networked electronic health records to improve the accessibility and efficiency of healthcare. *Quality & Safety in Health Care*. 2010;19(5):e54-e54.
- 186. Stuart A, Rogers S, Modell M. Evaluation of a direct doctor-patient telephone advice line in general practice. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2000;50(453):305-306.
- 187. Studnek JR, Thestrup L, Blackwell T, Bagwell B. Utilization of prehospital dispatch protocols to identify low-acuity patients. *Prehospital Emergency Care*. 2012;16(2):204-209.
- 188. Thilsted SL, Egerod I, Lippert FK, Gamst-Jensen H. Relation between illness representation and self-reported degree-of-worry in patients calling out-of-hours services: a mixed-methods study in Copenhagen, Denmark. *BMJ Open.* 2018;8(9):e020401.
- 189. Turnbull J, Martin D, Lattimer V, Pope C, Culliford D. Does distance matter? Geographical variation in GP out-of-hours service use: An observational study. *British Journal of General Practice*. 2008;58(552):471-477.
- 190. Uscher-Pines L, Fischer S, Tong I, Mehrotra A, Malsberger R, Ray K. Virtual First Responders: the Role of Direct-to-Consumer Telemedicine in Caring for People Impacted by Natural Disasters. *Journal of General Internal Medicine*. 2018;33(8):1242-1244.
- 191. Uscher-Pines L, Mulcahy A, Cowling D, Hunter G, Burns R, Mehrotra A. Antibiotic prescribing for acute respiratory infections in direct-to-consumer telemedicine visits. *JAMA Internal Medicine*. 2015;175(7):1234-1235.
- 192. Valero MA, Arredondo MT, del Nogal F, Rodriguez JM, Torres D. Using cable television networks for interactive home telemedicine services. *Journal of Telemedicine & Telecare*. 1999;5 Suppl 1:S91-92.
- 193. Van Donk P, Tanti ER, Porter JE. Triage and treat model of care: Effective management of minor injuries in the emergency department. *Collegian*. 2017;24(4):325-330.
- 194. Van Uden CJT, Ament AJHA, Hobma SO, Zwietering PJ, Crebolder HFJM. Patient satisfaction with out-of-hours primary care in the Netherlands. *BMC Health Services Research*. 2005;5.
- 195. Varley A, Warren FC, Richards SH, et al. The effect of nurses' preparedness and nurse practitioner status on triage call management in primary care: A secondary analysis of cross-sectional data from the ESTEEM trial. *International Journal of Nursing Studies*. 2016;58:12-20.
- 196. Verzantvoort NCM, Teunis T, Verheij TJM, van der Velden AW. Self-triage for acute primary care via a smartphone application: Practical, safe and efficient? *PLoS ONE [Electronic Resource]*. 2018;13(6):e0199284.



- 197. Walker J, Hill R, Green L. Tassie's tele-rrific telehealth network: Linking primary health care services for better rural health outcomes. *Australian Journal of Primary Health Interchange.* 2000;6(3-4):108-117.
- 198. Wallace DL, Jones SM, Milroy C, Pickford MA. Telemedicine for acute plastic surgical trauma and burns. *Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive & Aesthetic Surgery: JPRAS*. 2008;61(1):31-36.
- 199. Warren FC, Calitri R, Fletcher E, et al. Exploring demographic and lifestyle associations with patient experience following telephone triage by a primary care doctor or nurse: secondary analyses from a cluster randomised controlled trial. *BMJ Quality & Safety*. 2015;24(9):572-582.
- 200. Westall C, Spackman R, Nadarajah CV, Trepte N. Are hospital admissions reduced by Acute Medicine consultant telephone triage of medical referrals? *Acute Medicine*. 2015;14(1):10-13.
- 201. Win AZ. Comparison of UK's Minor Ailments Scheme and US's retail clinic model: a narrative review. *Primary Health Care Research & Development*. 2016;17(6):622-627.
- 202. Woods LW, Snow SW. The impact of telehealth monitoring on acute care hospitalization rates and emergency department visit rates for patients using home health skilled nursing care. *Home Healthcare Nurse*. 2013;31(1):39-45.
- 203. Wootton R, McKelvey A, McNicholl B, et al. Transfer of telemedical support to Cornwall from a national telemedicine network during a solar eclipse. *Journal of Telemedicine & Telecare*. 2000;6 Suppl 1:S182-186.
- 204. Zinger ND, Blomberg SN, Lippert F, Collatz Christensen H. Satisfaction of 30 402 callers to a medical helpline of the Emergency Medical Services Copenhagen: a retrospective cohort study. *BMJ Open.* 2019;9(10):e029801.



## **APPENDIX E. PEER REVIEW DISPOSITION**

Question Text	Reviewer Number	Comment	Response
Are the objectives, scope, and methods for this review clearly described?	3	Yes	Thank you
	5	Yes	Thank you
	7	Yes	Thank you
	8	Yes	Thank you
	9	Yes	Thank you
Is there any	3	No	Thank you
indication of	5	No	Thank you
bias in our - synthesis of	7	No	Thank you
the	8	No	Thank you
evidence? -	9	No	Thank you
Are you	3	No	Thank you
aware of	5	No	Thank you
any - <u>published</u> or	7	No	Thank you
unpublished	8	No	Thank you
studies that - we may	9	No	Thank you
have			
overlooked?			
Additional suggestions or comments can be provided below. If applicable, please indicate the page and line numbers from the draft report.	3	An impressive review and critique of current literature evaluating the impact of virtual care strategies. It is not surprising that many of the outstanding questions were either not directly addressed or did not yield consistent answers given the heterogeneity of the systems evaluated. One topic of special interest is comparing video vs. telephone for clinical effectiveness, patient satisfaction, etc. The lack of data on this subject is not surprising. I have gathered unpublished data suggesting that patient confidence in the provider is enhanced by video BUT the video appointments were targeted to conditions that most benefit from video (skin and eye concerns mostly). The same data set showed better clinical resolution with video for these problems. Data on Video vs. phone for more general clinical problems would be most interesting but the demographics of patients electing each modality can be quite different limiting the accuracy of any conclusions that might be drawn. VA has the opportunity to make a valuable contribution to the literature on this subject in the future.	Thank you



7 The objectives, scope and methods are clearly described and appropriate reporting guidelines followed. Appropriate methods were used to reduce bias in the study selection process, e.g. piloting and selection by two independent reviewers. Excluded studies and reasons were included in an appendix. For extra transparency, you could have reported how disagreements between reviewers were resolved and a measure of agreement, e.g. kappa (unless I missed this). Synthesis of the included studies was guided by a predetermined analytical framework and a publicly available protocol.

Thank you. We have augmented out Methods description to explicate how reviewer disagreement were resolved.

You searched three relevant databases and reference lists of related systematic reviews. The search strategies reported appear thorough and overall you should have good coverage of the published literature (although the search could have been strengthened by looking at sources such as the Cochrane Library). You don't report any search for unpublished studies or grey literature so it's certainly possible some could have been overlooked, though I don't know of any specific examples.

In summary: I haven't read the whole report in detail but it is methodologically strong and the conclusions follow from the evidence presented. The use of GRADE to assess certainty of evidence increases confidence in the findings, and applicability to the VHA system is explicitly considered

8 Well-conceived, systematically conducted review of important emerging topic area.

Thank you.

9 Thank you for the opportunity to review this evidence review on a very important and timely topic. I found this review to be informative, well-organized, and well-written. I think it will make a significant contribution and lay foundation for future work. I have a handful of minor comments for the authors to consider.

We have edited this wording to improve clarity.

page 1, lines 26-27 paragraph 2 – the phrase "underutilization on non-physician providers" is somewhat vague. Do you mean underutilization of non-physician providers in primary care? I am wondering if your point is best made by saying there is a "shortage of primary care providers" as the composition of PCPs being physicians

or non-physicians may be distracting and tangential, I think, to your main point.

page 4 line 8- uses abbreviation COE which I don't think was previously defined.

We have clarified with adding low certainty of evidence (COE).

9 page 4 line 38 - there is a misplaced period after "health care" and I think there is a missing word. Also, I am not sure about the intended meaning of the phrase "deputizing cooperative physicians as physicians" and how that differs from "cooperative physicians."

We have defined "deputizing" in the text. Deputized physicians differ from they are non-affiliated physicians who take the afterhours calls and cooperative physicians are those part of an established provider network.

9 I am also unsure about why satisfaction with provider communication is included with "health care access" rather than "patient satisfaction".

We conceptualized "heath care access" as informed by the U.S. Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion's Healthy People 2020 objectives. They defined health care access as the ability to provide health care when the need is recognized (ie, timeliness) and satisfaction with provider services and communication (ie, services).

9 page 4 lines 49-53 - I am perplexed by the sentence "An additional study of calls to telephone-based urgent care services originally triaged to the ED by either a physician advisor or a non-physician clinical where calls were triaged to advisor produced more case resolution on the first contact than calls assessed by a non-clinical call handler". I think the problem is the phrase "originally triaged to the ED" - so, the patient was seen in the ED, or diverted from the ED? (but if seen in the ED, then it was resolved there?) I think there is some information missing that is making this confusing.

This wording has been revised as "An additional study examined calls to a telephone-based urgent care the ED by the clinical support software. These same calls were then passed to an assessment service (prescribing provider: physician advisor or a nonphysician clinical advisor) and produced more case resolution on the first contact than calls assessed initially by a non-clinical call handler then moved to a prescribing provider." From the study description, patients that would have been advised to go to the ED by the clinical support software were





		passed to a clinical assessment service.
9	page 5 – line 12 – typo – I think "them" should be "that"	Revised to "that."
9	page 5 – line 14 – suggest changing "inappropriate care outcomes" to "inappropriate treatment outcomes" to stay consistent with language used elsewhere in the report	Changed to inappropriate "treatment" throughout
9	page 12 – use of Distiller. I am confused by the numbers- your results show that you identified 4, 311 unique articles which you then applied inclusion and exclusion criteria. From the methods on page 12 it looks like you used 2765 articles to train Distiller, and then used Distiller to review 2,357 articles – which adds up to 5,122. And, you report that Distiller SR was a "second reviewer" – but wasn't it the only reviewer for the "remaining titles and abstracts" that had <50% probability of relevance?	Thank you, we updated the language to clarify that the Al reviewed references as the second reviewer after it was trained on almost the full database reviewed by one person. The references that the Al included were reviewed by two people at the full-text review level.
9	page 22 – title "Effects on Outpatient Care Utilization" might be better titled "Effects on Subsequent Outpatient Care Utilization" – as the initial telehealth utilization is outpatient care.	This was revised to "Effects on Subsequent Outpatient Care Utilization."
9	Page 23- similarly, suggest section title be "Effects on Subsequent Emergency Department Utilization"	"Subsequent" was added.
9	page 23 – line 37 - extra work "in" and did you mean "NHS 111"?	Revised.
9	page 35 – As in executive summary, I am perplexed by the inclusion of patient satisfaction with communication in the section on access rather than in the patient satisfaction section.	We have revised this for clarity.
9	Figure 4B – needs better labels on the x axis – it took me a bit to realize that this represented % of studies. Figure 6 – also needs better label on the x axis	Thank you. These are standard figures for risk of bias in systematic reviews and the x axis is explained in the figure title.
9	page 42 – line 28 – " adverse effects prioritized by operations partners" – do you	We have deleted this phrase from the results section for





	mean those listed in the i.e. part of KQ2A? Would specify as it is not immediately obvious	adverse events to improve clarity.
9	page 42 – line 51 "subgroups of interest" – is this the same thing as "adverse effects prioritized by operations partners", or something else?	We have clarified that these are from the key questions of the review.
9	page 42 – line 52 – "adverse clinical outcome (i, deaths)" – death is not listed in the i.e. for the question	Thank you. The key question includes this outcome of interest
9	page 42 – lines 53-56 – you don't comment on whether there were any studies showing adverse effects of delayed diagnosis. Also, how is the distinction between misdiagnosis v. delayed diagnosis being made (since delayed diagnosis usually starts with a misdiagnosis and a misdiagnosis is usually only detected when the true diagnosis is found, delayed from the initial presentation)	We agree these are aligned outcomes and that misdiagnosis can lead to delayed diagnosis. In general, we seek conceptualize outcomes as defined by study authors, when possible. We only identified one study that defined misdiagnosis. We did not find any studies that reported on delayed diagnosis and have clarified this this in the report results.
9	page 43- line 24 – need to define/describe what is meant by "direct-to-consumer care", and specify if the comparison is being made to in-person primary care v. primary care via telehealth v. both	Thank you. We have revised this description to improve clarity and removed "direct-to-consumer" language.
9	page 43 - lines 32-43 – was there a comparison group for this study (if not, I suggest noting this)	There was no comparison group and we have now noted this in the text.



