Measuring Veterans' Medicare Health Services Use

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Presented by:

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Why is it important to know about Medicare when studying Veterans?

- Researchers need knowledge of health care use to draw accurate conclusions
- Many Veterans who use VA health care also obtain care outside VA
- Almost all Veterans 65+ are enrolled in (and many use) both VA and Medicare



Audience Poll (Heidi convert to poll function)

- Have you ever used Medicare data for a VA project?
 - Yes
 - No
- How would you rate your overall knowledge of Medicare data?
 - I (No knowledge)
 - **2**
 - ° 3
 - ° 4
 - 5 (Expert-level knowledge)



Topics for Today

- 1. Medicare 101
- 2. Types of Medicare Data
 - a. Enrollment
 - b. Claims
 - c. Summary
- 3. Using Medicare Data in Research
- 4. Research Examples
- 5. Data Access and Assistance



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Eligibility

- Who is eligible for Medicare?
 - Almost everyone over age 65
 - Some disabled individuals
 - Patients with End Stage Renal Disease
- Eligibility not dependent
 - Income
 - Other health insurance
 - VHA coverage



Medicare Parts A & B

- Part A: Hospital Insurance
 Usually no premium
- Part B: Medical Insurance
 Monthly premium required
 7-8% of Part A enrollees aren't enrolled in Part B



Ways to receive Part A & B coverage

- Fee for Service (FFS)
 - aka Original Medicare
 - Administered by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)
- Managed Care Plans
 - aka Medicare Advantage, Part C, HMOs
 - Many different types of plans
 - Administered by insurance companies under contracts with CMS
- In 2012, 27% were enrolled in a Medicare managed care plan

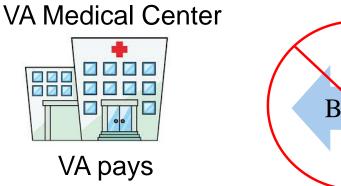


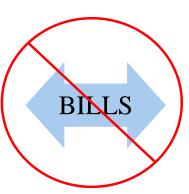
Part D

- Part D: Prescription Drug Plans
 - New in 2006
 - Administered by insurance companies under contracts with CMS
 - Premiums often required
- Enrollment in 2012
 - 39% of Veterans
 - 65% of non-Veterans



Who pays?





Community Hospital



Medicare pays

- The VA does NOT bill Medicare for services provided at a VA facility.
- In most situations, non-VA providers can NOT bill the VA for services provided



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Enrollment Data

- Data related to administration of Medicare program
- Data elements likely to be accurate and complete:
 - Social Security Number
 - Date of birth, date of death, address
 - Dates of enrollment/disenrollment: Parts A, B, D
 - Managed care dates and contract number
 - Ineligibility due to incarceration
 - Medicaid payment of premiums (State buy-in)

Other insurance - primary to Medicare



Limitations of Medicare Enrollment Data

- No/Limited data on:
 - Some demographics (Marital Status, Income)
 - Other insurance secondary to Medicare (Medigap plans, other supplemental insurance)
 - Details about managed care plans benefits



Managed Care

- Medicare claims (utilization data) contain no/limited data on care provided to managed care enrollees
- Most research project exclude managed care enrollees



Enrollment & Demographic File

- One record per person, per calendar year
- Monthly indicators for
 - Parts A, B, D
 - Managed care
 - Medicaid premium payment (state buy-in)
- Actual name varies by year
 - Denominator (1997-2008)
 - Beneficiary Summary (2009-10)

Master Beneficiary Summary File: Base (2011-12)



EDB Extracts

- Extracts of Medicare's Enrollment Database (EDB)
- Cumulative files; updated annually
 - Vital Status
 - Entitlement/Enrollment History
 - Group Health Organization
 - Incarceration History
 - Primary Payer



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How the data get from "Bedside to Bench"

A Medicare FFS beneficiary obtains healthcare outside the VA

> The provider submits claims (i.e. bills) to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for reimbursement

> > Claims are processed. CMS stores info in databases and creates analytic datasets for researchers



Bills & Providers

- Two types of bills are used to submit claims
- Type of bill used is determined by type of provider

| Types of Providers | Examples | Bill | Medicare Coverage |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Institutional | Hospitals Skilled Nursing Facilities Home Health Agencies Hospices | CMS 1450/ UB-04 | Part A or Part B |
| Non- institutional | Physicians, Clinical Labs, Ambulance, Suppliers | CMS 1500 | Part B |



Medicare Claims Files

- Institutional Files
 - Inpatient
 - Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF)
 - Hospice
 - Home Health Agency (HHA)
 - Outpatient
- Institutional Stay Level File
 - Medicare Provider Analysis and Review (MedPAR)
- Non-institutional Files
 - Carrier (Physician/Supplier)
 - Durable Medical Equipment (DME)
- Part D Files

Inpatient File

- Includes services provided by short and long-term hospitals
 - 90% short-term (acute) hospitals
 - Rehab, psych, other long-term hospitals
- Includes facility charges and payments
- A stay may involve one or multiple claims



Example: Splitting stays across claims

| Stay | Claims | | |
|---------------------|---------|--------------------------------|--|
| Admit: July 10 | Claim 1 | From July 10 Thru July 31 | |
| Discharge: August 8 | Claim 2 | From August 1 Thru August 8 | |



Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) File

- Includes services provided by a skilled nursing facility
 - Skilled nursing and rehabilitation care
 - Does not include custodial care
- Includes facility charges and payments
- A stay often involves multiple claims



MedPAR File

- Created from Inpatient and SNF claims
- Claims are "rolled up" to the stay level
 - Eliminates need for researchers to do this manually
- Variables
 - Many stay-level summary variables
 - Doesn't have all variables from IP/SNF files
 - Only diagnosis and procedures codes from last IP/SNF claim



Hospice & Home Health Agency Files

- Hospice
 - Includes services provided by hospice agencies for end-of-life care
 - Care at home (80-90%) or as inpatient
- Home Health Agency
 - Includes services provided by home health agencies:
 - Skilled nursing
 - Physical/occupational/speech therapy
 - Home health aide



Outpatient File

 Includes services provided by institutional facilities (mostly hospitals)

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- Laboratory
- Radiology
- Physical therapy
- Dialysis
- Emergency room
- Includes facility charges and payments



Carrier File

- Previously known as Physician/Supplier File
- Includes:
 - Physician services
 - Outpatient setting: Office visits, procedures
 - Inpatient settings: Consultations, services in hospitals & nursing facilities
 - Emergency room
 - Ambulance providers
 - Clinical laboratories



Durable Medical Equipment File

- Includes:
 - Wheelchairs and hospital beds
 - Prosthetics and orthotics
 - Oxygen equipment and supplies
 - Diabetic testing supplies
 - Drugs (limited coverage) provided in outpatient setting

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Part D "Claims"

- Part D is administered by insurance companies
- Claims for drugs paid by insurance companies, not CMS

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• Insurance companies submit data to CMS on all prescription fills



Part D Data for Research Use

- Prescription Drug Event (PDE), can be linked to characteristics of the:
 - Drug
 - Pharmacy
 - Prescriber
 - Plan
- Slim File is subset of PDE data, includes
 - Drug Characteristics



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What are the Summary Data?

- Variables created by CMS, based on the FFS claims
- One record per person, per calendar year
- Two types of summary data
 - Cost and Use
 - Medicare and Beneficiary payments
 - Number of "events"
 - Chronic Conditions
 - Uses standard definitions for 27 conditions
 - Disease flags
 - When diagnosed?



Examples of Cost and Use Variables

- Costs
 - Medicare payments for dialysis
 - Beneficiary payments for acute inpatient
- Use
 - Inpatient Stays
 - Skilled Nursing Facility Days
 - Emergency Room Visits
 - Part D Fills



Examples of Chronic Conditions Variables

- First occurrence of chronic kidney disease
 Calendar year quarter
- Alzheimer's disease mid-year flag
- Colorectal cancer end-of-year flag



Where to find summary variables?

| Types of variables | 1999-2010 | 2011- forward |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Cost and Use variables | Beneficiary Annual | MBSF: Cost and Use |
| Chronic Condition variables | Summary File (BASF) | MBSF: Chronic Conditions |

MBSF = Master Beneficiary Summary File



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- 2. Types of Medicare Data
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Using Medicare Claims

Common techniques for using Medicare data in research:

- 1. Procedures
- 2. Diagnoses
- 3. Costs
- 4. Inpatient Stays
- 5. Outpatient Visits





Procedures

- Two types of procedure codes in Medicare claims data
 - ICD-9 procedure/surgery codes
 - MedPAR and Inpatient files
 - Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS)
 - CPT procedure codes + CMS developed codes
 - CMS developed codes are alpha-numeric
 - Outpatient, HHA, Carrier, DME files



Diagnoses

- Medicare claims data contain ICD-9 diagnosis codes
 No diagnosis codes in Part D data
- Inpatient/MedPAR claims include Diagnostic Related Group (DRG)



Using Procedures & Diagnoses in Research

- Inclusion or exclusion criteria
- Outcome measure
- Risk adjustment
 - Comorbidity index



Costs

- Charges submitted to Medicare
- Payments made to providers by
 - Medicare



- Beneficiaries (deductibles & co-payments)
- Primary payers
- Claims do not include payments made by secondary payers



Inpatient/Skilled Nursing Stays

- Common measures:
 - Number of stays
 - Length of stay
 - Readmissions
 - Facility, type of facility
 - Within the stay:
 - Procedures
 - Diagnoses
 - Costs



Identifying Inpatient/SNF Stays

• Inpatient/Skilled Nursing care are provided by institutional providers

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And often non-institutional providers too

| Types of Providers | Examples | Dataset | |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Institutional | Hospitals/SNF | Inpatient/SNF or MedPAR files | |
| Non-institutional | Physicians | Carrier file | |



What File(s) Should I use when Studying Inpatient/SNF Stays?

- Choose MedPAR when studying:
 - Number of stays
 - Length of stay
 - Total payments

- Choose Inpatient or SNF when studying:
 - Detailed charges
 - All diagnosis & procedure codes
- Add Carrier when studying:
 - Consults
 - All procedures



Inpatient Stays: VA vs. Medicare

- VA facility
 - Acute care
 - Rehab
- 1 stay



- Medicare
 - Acute care facility
 - Rehab facility
- 2 stays





Outpatient Visits

- Common measures:
 - Dates
 - Place of service
 - Provider (type, specialty, location)

- Within the visit:
 - Procedures
 - Diagnoses
 - Costs



Identifying Outpatient Services

• Outpatient services may be provided by both institutional and non-institutional providers

| Types of Providers | Examples | Dataset |
|---------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| Institutional | Hospitals | Outpatient File |
| Non-institutional | Physicians | Carrier File |



What File(s) Should I use when Studying Outpatient Events?

- In most cases, use both Outpatient and Carrier
- Some events will have claims in both files
 - Emergency room
- Add HHA when studying services that could be provided at home
 - Physical/occupational/speech therapy



Outpatient Visits: VA vs. Medicare

- VA (same day)
 - Primary care
 - Specialist
 - Therapy
- 1 visit, 3 events
- 1 day of care



- Medicare
 - Primary care
 - Specialist
 - Therapy
- 3 visits/claims
- 1, 2, or 3 days of care



Are summary files right for me?

- Pros
 - Easy to work with, small files
 - Beneficial if you have limited resources
- Cons
 - Summarized by calendar year, not fiscal year
 - Doesn't itemize all types of events/conditions
 Uses CMS's definitions



Summary files: Examples

- Cost and Use
 - How many people in my cohort used Medicare?
 - How many people were hospitalized?
 - Total Medicare payments for dialysis?
- Chronic Conditions
 - Who in my cohort has been diagnosed with lung cancer?
 - When was an individual's first lung cancer diagnosis in the Medicare claims data?



What can't be measured using Medicare claims data?

- No data on:
 - Clinical data
 - Lab Results, Vital Signs, Symptoms
 - Services not billed
- Limited/incomplete data on:
 - Services of managed care enrollees
 - Details on services billed through prospective payment system



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Example 1

 Hawn M, et al. Risk of Major Adverse Cardiac Events Following Noncardiac Surgery in Patients with Coronary Stents. JAMA. 2013; 310 (14): 1462-1472.



Overview (Hawn, 2013)

- Goal
 - Examine major adverse cardiac events (MACE) in patients who have coronary stents and are undergoing non-cardiac surgery

- Cohort
 - Veterans who received coronary stents in VA facilities between FY2000-2010
 - Non-cardiac surgeries within 24 months
 - N=28,029 Veterans with 41,989 surgeries



Methods (Hawn, 2013)

- Data Sources
 - VA outpatient & inpatient data, CART, VASQIP
 - Medicare inpatient, outpatient, carrier
- Used VA and Medicare codes to identify:
 - Non-cardiac surgery (CPT procedure codes)
 - Cardiac risk index (diagnosis codes)
 - MACE (diagnosis and CPT procedure codes)



Selected Results (Hawn, 2013)

| Characteristics | | % of surgeries resulting in MACE |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Overall | | 4.7% |
| Location of non- cardiac surgery | VA facility (64.2%)Non-VA facility (35.8%) | 4.3% 5.5% |
| Admission status | OutpatientElective inpatientNon-elective inpatient | 2.4% 7.3% 21.1% |
| Cardiac risk index | 1 2 3+ | 2.2% 4.4% 8.3% |
| Time since stent placement | <6 weeks 6 weeks - 6 months 6-12 months 12-24 months | 11.6% 6.4% 4.2% 3.5% |

Example 2

• Gellad W, et al. Dual Use of Department of Veterans Affairs and Medicare Benefits and Use of Test Strips in Veterans With Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. JAMA Intern Med. 2015; 175(1): 26-34.



Overview (Gellad, 2015)

• Goal

- Examine patterns of glucose test strip receipt
- Is receipt of strips from both systems associated with overuse?

- Cohort
 - Community dwelling veterans age 65+ who used the VHA in FY09
 - Received test strips from VA or Medicare in FY09
 - □ N=363,996



Methods (Gellad, 2015)

- Used VA and Medicare data to:
 - Identify test strips (VA pharmacy & Medicare DME)
 - Adjust for comorbidity and diabetes complications (using DX codes) and prior hospitalizations

- Categorize patients based on medication (VA pharmacy and Medicare Part D event data)
- Adjust for number of diabetes related office visits in Medicare



Selected Results (Gellad, 2015)

| | Source of Test Strips | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | VA only | Medicare only | VA & Medicare |
| Overall | 260,688 | 82,826 | 20,482 |
| Median number of strips | 200 | 400 | 600 |
| % with no DM medication | 9.8% | 23.1% | 9.9% |
| Estimated % of Veterans with excess test strips | 15.8% | 45.7% | 53.5% |

An estimated 31.2 million (19.9%) strips were in excess in 1 year



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VA/CMS DATA



FOR RESEARCH

- VIReC's VA/CMS Data for Research Project data steward for CMS (Medicare) data used for VA research
- Data available for VA researchers at no cost
- Website (VA intranet only)
 - vaww.virec.research.va.gov/Index-VACMS.htm
 - Data Descriptions and Documentation
 - Request Process and Forms



Data Access for VA Research

- VA researchers can request CMS data from VIReC
- Projects must be approved by:
 - VA Research & Development (R&D) Committee
 - Institutional Review Board (IRB)
- VA employees may not obtain CMS data directly from CMS/ResDAC





- VIReC Resources:
 - VIReC Help Desk
 - <u>VIReC@va.gov</u>
 - Barbon HSRData Listserv
 - Discussion among 1,000+ VHA data stewards, managers, and users





- VHA Medicare and Medicaid Analysis Center (MAC) is the data steward for CMS (Medicare) data used for VHA operations
 - VHA Program Offices
 - Quality Improvement/Quality Assurance
- Website (VA intranet only)
 - vaww.va.gov/medicareanalysis/





- CMS contractor based at the University of Minnesota
- Provides free assistance and training to researchers using CMS data

- Help desk
- Knowledge base
- Webinars
- In-person workshops
- <u>www.resdac.org</u>



Chronic Conditions Data Warehouse

- Source of most CMS data that VA receives
- Documentation
 - Data dictionaries
 - Summary tables
 - User guides & technical guides
 - White papers & presentations
- <u>www.ccwdata.org</u>





Upcoming Seminar

February 2, 2015

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Assessing Race and Ethnicity

Maria Mor, PhD

